

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008



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CITY OFFICIALS

December 31, 2008

MAYOR

John Miller

CITY MANAGER

Robert Knabel

CITY TREASURER

Tamara Ammann

CITY ATTORNEY

Paul Welch

CORPORATE COUNSEL

Steven Giacoletto

CITY COUNCIL

Nancy Moss

Lisa Ciampoli

Mike Keefe

Liz Dalton

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council Collinsville, Illinois

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Collinsville, Illinois as of and for the year ended December 31, 2008, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City of Collinsville, Illinois' management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Collinsville, Illinois as of December 31, 2008, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued a report dated April 15, 2009 on our consideration of the City of Collinsville, Illinois' internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and important for assessing the results of our audit.



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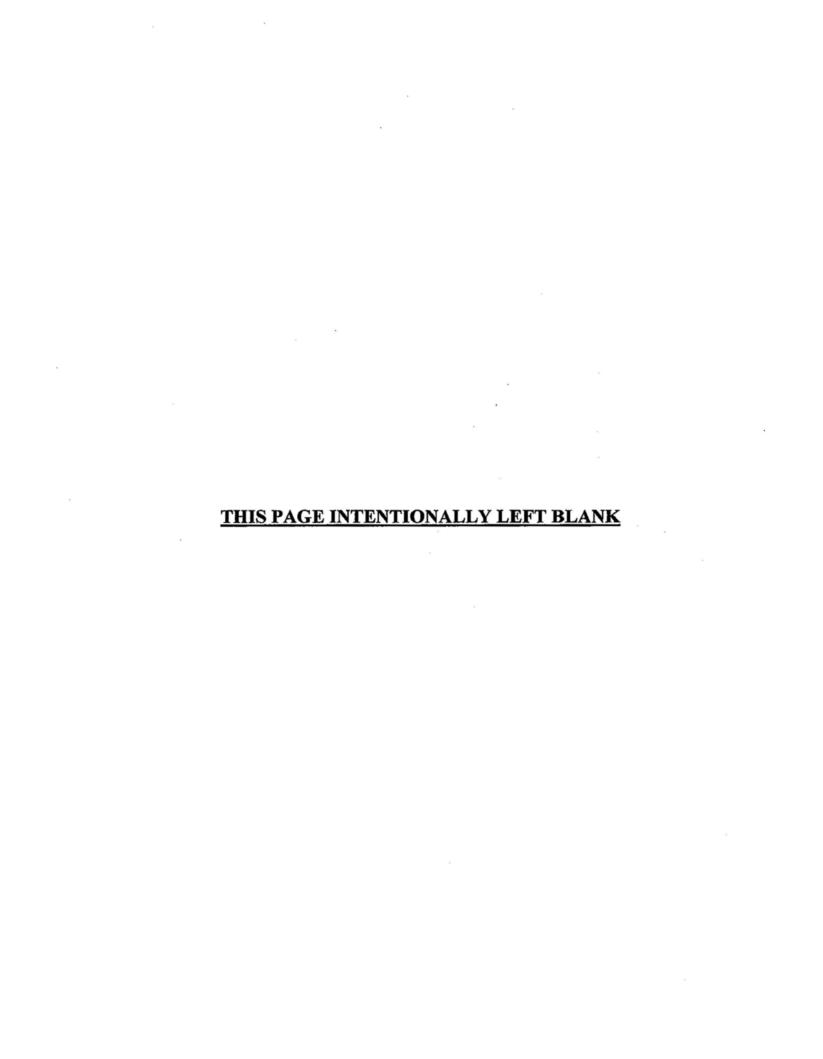
The management's discussion and analysis (pages 3 to 11), budgetary comparison information (pages 53 to 56) and schedules of funding progress and employer contributions (pages 57 to 59) are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Collinsville, Illinois' basic financial statements. The combining nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations, is also not a required part of the basic financial statements of the City of Collinsville, Illinois. The combining nonmajor fund financial statements, other schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

C. J. Schlose & Company L.L.C.

Certified Public Accountants

April 15, 2009



Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the year ended December 31, 2008

As management of the City of Collinsville, Illinois (the City) we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities for the fiscal year ended, December 31, 2008.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

On a government-wide basis, the assets of the City of Collinsville exceeded its liabilities for the most recent fiscal year by \$35,397,425.

- The City's total net assets increased by \$919,137.
- At the end of 2008, unreserved fund balance for the General Fund was \$3,340,485 or 19.3% of total General Fund expenditures for the year.
- At the end of 2008, unreserved fund balance for all governmental funds combined was \$5,177,205 or 19.7% of total expenditures for the year.
- Net assets of the City's business-type activities increased by \$482,134.
- The City's total bonded debt decreased by \$1,125,000.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. There are three components to the basic statements:

- 1. Government-wide financial statements
- 2. Fund financial statements
- 3. Notes to the basic financial statements

This report also contains required supplementary information and other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. The government-wide financial statements exclude fiduciary fund activities.

The statement of net assets presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the year ended December 31, 2008

The statement of activities presents information showing how the City's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows for future fiscal periods (e.g. uncollected taxes and accrued vacation leave).

The government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, public works, health and sanitation, community and economic development and community services. The business-type activities include water and sewer.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 11 and 12 of this report.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essential functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of expendable resources, as well as on balances of expendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the City's near-term financial decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and the government-wide governmental activities.

The City of Collinsville maintains 13 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance for three major funds: General Fund, Collinsville Crossings Fund, and Tax Increment Financing Fund. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation called "Other

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the year ended December 31, 2008

Governmental Funds." Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining schedules in the other supplementary information section of this report.

The City adopts an annual budget for all governmental funds. Budgetary comparison schedules for the major funds have been provided to demonstrate legal compliance with the adopted budget.

The governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 13 and 15 of this report.

Proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions and the same type of information presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City of Collinsville uses an enterprise fund to account for its water and sewer operations.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 17 through 19 of this report.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 20 and 21 of this report.

Notes to the basic financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the basic financial statements can be found beginning on page 22 of this report.

Other supplementary information. The combining and individual fund statements, referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds, are presented immediately following the required supplementary information. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 59 through 62 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

This is the sixth year that the City has presented its financial statements under the new reporting model pursuant to Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34 (GASB 34), Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments.

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City, assets exceeded liabilities by \$35,397,425 at the close of the most recent fiscal year (December 31, 2008).

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the year ended December 31, 2008

By far the largest portion of the City's net assets reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, equipment and infrastructure), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequentially, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. The condensed statement of net assets is as follows:

	Governmen	ntal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	Total		
	December 31, 2008	December 31, 2007	December 31, 2008	December 31, 2007	December 31, 2008	December 31, 2007	
ASSETS							
Current and other assets	\$ 12,749,204	\$ 14,413,594	\$ 17,455,248	\$ 18,876,378	\$ 30,204,452	\$ 33,289,972	
Capital assets, net	28,805,589	26,756,657	28,999,472	27,808,268	57,805,061	54,564,925	
Total assets	41,554,793	41,170,251	46,454,720	46,684,646	88,009,513	87,854,897	
LIABILITIES							
Long-term liabilities	28,660,194	29,178,144	18,991,129	19,736,445	47,651,323	48,914,589	
Other liabilities	3,340,074	2,874,585	1,620,691	1,587,435	4,960,765	4,462,020	
Total liabilities	32,000,268	32,052,729	20,611,820	21,323,880	52,612,088	53,376,609	
NET ASSETS							
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	27,730,589	25,681,657	22,656,637	20,928,363	50,387,226	46,610,020	
Restricted	5,912,821	6,908,891	-		5,912,821	6,908,891	
Unrestricted	(24,088,885)	(23,473,026)	3,186,263	4,432,403	(20,902,622)	(19,040,623)	
Total net assets	\$ 9,554,525	\$ 9,117,522	\$ 25,842,900	\$ 25,360,766	\$ 35,397,425	\$ 34,478,288	

A portion of the City's net assets represent resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. Unrestricted net assets may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City is able to report positive balances in two of the three categories of net assets for its governmental activities and all three categories of net assets for its business-type activities. The negative amount of unrestricted net assets in governmental activities is due to outstanding long-term debt.

The City of Collinsville's net assets increased, or improved, by \$919,137 during the current fiscal year. This increase represents the degree to which increases in ongoing revenues have outpaced similar increases in ongoing expenses.

Governmental activities. Governmental activities increased the City's net assets by \$437,003. A new 1.25% home-rule sales tax was levied in 2008 to provide for staff additions and capital acquisitions.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the year ended December 31, 2008

Business-type activities. Business-type activities increased the City's net assets by \$482,134. Water and sewer fees are adjusted each year to insure that revenues keep up with inflation as expenses do. The condensed statement of activities is as follows:

	Governmental Activities		Business-ty	pe Activities	Total		
	For The Year Ended December 31, 2008	For The Year Ended December 31, 2007	For The Year Ended December 31, 2008	For The Year Ended December 31, 2007	For The Year Ended December 31, 2008	For The Year Ended December 31, 2007	
REVENUES							
Program revenues:							
Charges for services	\$4,333,705	\$ 4,260,679	\$ 6,468,698	\$ 6,409,564	\$ 10,802,403	\$ 10,670,243	
Federal, state and county grants	372,275	1,050,273		50,000	372,275	1,100,273	
General revenues:							
Property taxes	4,302,272	3,871,516			4,302,272	3,871,516	
Sales taxes	9,366,452	5,948,214	-		9,366,452	5,948,214	
State income taxes	2,387,557	2,254,175			2,387,557	2,254,175	
Motor fuel taxes	677,328	721,310	-		677,328	721,310	
Telecommunications taxes	1,088,734	1,091,011			1,088,734	1,091,011	
Utility taxes	393,417	742,387			393,417	742,387	
Franchise fees	282,896	282,467			282,896	282,467	
Investment earnings	193,230	430,729	492,952	994,952	686,182	1,425,681	
Miscellaneous	583,499	344,361			583,499	344,361	
Transfers	335,142	300,000	(335,142)	(300,000)			
Total revenues	24,316,507	21,297,122	6,626,508	7,154,516	30,943,015	28,451,638	
EXPENSES		,					
Governmental activities:							
General government	3,702,069	3,157,710			3,702,069	3,157,710	
Public safety	10,620,814	8,686,394			10,620,814	8,686,394	
Public works	3,832,886	3,615,277			3,832,886	3,615,277	
Health and sanitation	1,354,057	1,310,481			1,354,057	1,310,481	
Community development	1,746,038	26,934,117	-		1,746,038	26,934,117	
Community services	986,923	705,723	_		986,923	705,723	
Interest on long-term debt	1,636,717	580,512			1,636,717	580,512	
Business-type activities:		•					
Water and sewer		-	6,144,374	6,215,946	6,144,374	6,215,946	
Total expenses	23,879,504	44,990,214	6,144,374	6,215,946	30,023,878	51,206,160	
Change in net assets	437,003	(23,693,092)	482,134	938,570	919,137	(22,754,522)	
Net assets - beginning	9,117,522	32,810,614	25,360,766	24,422,196	34,478,288	57,232,810	
Net assets - ending	\$ 9,554,525	\$ 9,117,522	\$25,842,900	\$25,360,766	\$ 35,397,425	\$ 34,478,288	

FUNDS FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, the City of Collinsville uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the year ended December 31, 2008

At the end of 2008, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$11,090,026, a decrease of \$1,289,173 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 46.7% of this total amount (\$5,177,205) constitutes unreserved fund balance, which is available for spending at the City's discretion. However, \$1,836,720 (16.6% of the total unreserved governmental funds fund balance) has been designated for specific purposes. The remainder of the fund balance is reserved to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been committed or is subject to external restrictions:

- 1. For inventory (\$145,819)
- 2. For police forfeitures (\$284,678)
- 3. For fire equipment (\$4,834)
- 4. For economic development (\$5,477,490)

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City of Collinsville. At the end of the current fiscal year, the unreserved fund balance of the General Fund was \$3,340,485, while total fund balance was \$3,775,816. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unreserved fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unreserved fund balance represents 19.3% of total General Fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 21.8% of that same amount.

The fund balance of the City's general fund decreased by \$72,159 during the current fiscal year. A key factor was the slowing economy. The lagging sales tax (behind budget, not prior year) necessitated reductions and delays in spending in 2008.

The Collinsville Crossings Fund is a major special revenue fund of the City. It was established during 2007. Its resources are to be used for debt service payments on the 2007 general obligation bonds related to the Collinsville Crossings development and the debt service payments on the 2007 revenue bonds related to the Collinsville Crossings development. At the end of the current fiscal year, the fund balance of the Collinsville Crossings Fund was \$1,948,395.

The Tax Increment Financing (TIF) Fund is a major special revenue fund of the City. Its resources are to be used entirely for leveraging development within the boundaries of the City's three tax increment financing districts. At the end of the current fiscal year, the fund balance of the TIF fund was \$3,529,095, which is a decrease of \$471,790 compared to 2007. The key factor in this decrease is the renovation of City Hall.

Proprietary fund. The City of Collinsville's proprietary fund provides the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net assets of the water and sewer fund at the end of the year amounted to \$3,186,263 a decrease of \$1,246,140 or 28.1%. Factors concerning the finances of this fund have already been addressed in the discussion of the City's business-type activities.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the year ended December 31, 2008

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The 2008 expenditure budget for the City's General Fund represents an original budget of \$18,222,975 increased by \$11,000 to \$18,233,975, an adjustment of less than 0.1%. Actual expenditures in the general fund were \$706,655 less than the final, amended budgeted. The changes during the year were as follows:

- Increase of \$4,000 in the Community Development Department to provide funds for the First Day Celebration.
- Increase of \$7,000 in the Fire Department for operating supplies, equipment and printing of educational materials (grant expenditures) in the Emergency Management Program.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

The City of Collinsville's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of December 31, 2008, amounts to \$57,805,061, net of accumulated depreciation. This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, equipment, vehicles and infrastructure. The total increase in capital assets for the current year was \$3,240,136 or 5.9% (a \$2,048,932 or 7.7% increase for governmental activities and a \$1,191,204 or 4.3% increase for business-type activities.)

A major portion of the increase in capital assets for governmental activities was due to the renovation of City Hall. The major portion of the increase for business-type activities was due to the sewer plant expansion, which is being funded by the 2006 bond issue.

The City's capital assets, net of depreciation, are as follows:

	Governmental Activities		Business-typ	pe Activities	Total		
	December 31, 2008	December 31, 2007	December 31, 2008	December 31, 2007	December 31, 2008	December 31, 2007	
Land 5	898,665	566,295	377,205	377,205	1,275,870	943,500	
Construction in progress	-	-	4,010,639	7,982,488	4,010,639	7,982,488	
Buildings and improvemen	6,585,435	5,753,260	10,881,427	5,568,650	17,466,862	11,321,910	
Equipment	1,418,455	986,927	896,252	907,514	2,314,707	1,894,441	
Vehicles	885,855	969,977	129,080	87,603	1,014,935	1,057,580	
Infrastructure	19,017,179	18,480,198	12,704,869	12,884,808	31,722,048	31,365,006	
Total net assets	28,805,589	26,756,657	28,999,472	27,808,268	57,805,061	54,564,925	

For government-wide financial presentation, all depreciable capital assets were depreciated from acquisition date to the end of 2008. Fund financial statements record capital asset purchases as expenditures.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the year ended December 31, 2008

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 4 on pages 34 and 35 of this report.

Long-term Debt

At the end of 2008, the City of Collinsville had total long-term debt obligations for governmental and business-type activities in the amount of \$48,715,000 compared to \$49,840,000 at the end of 2007. During 2008, the City made scheduled debt service payments and did not issue any new bonds. The general obligation bonds are backed by the full faith and credit of the City.

The following bonds are covered by insurance policies insuring the payment of principal and interest when due. Consequently, the bonds have been assigned a rating of "Aaa" by Moody's Investor Services, Inc.

	Governmental Activities				Business-ty	tivities	Total					
	D	ecember 31, 2008	D	ecember 31, 2007	D	ecember 31, 2008	D	ecember 31, 2007	D	2008	Ď	ecember 31, 2007
General Obligation Debt:												
LIST Revenue Bonds												
Series 2007	\$	20,250,000	\$	20,250,000	\$	1-	\$	-	\$	20,250,000	\$	20,250,000
Taxable GO Bonds												
Series 2007A		7,300,000		7,300,000		-		-		7,300,000		7,300,000
Non-taxable GO Bonds												
Series 2007B		1,160,000		1,215,000		-		-		1,160,000		1,215,000
Tax Increment Bonds,												
Series 1997		315,000		615,000		-				315,000		615,000
Refunding Bonds (Tax												
Increment Alternate												
Revenue) Series 2003E		395,000		460,000		-				395,000		460,000
Alternative Revenue				,								
Series 2006						19,295,000		20,000,000		19,295,000		20,000,000
Total Debt	\$	29,420,000	\$	29,840,000	\$	19,295,000	\$	20,000,000	\$	48,715,000	\$	49,840,000

As of December 31, 2008, the outstanding balance on a loan from the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency amounted to \$208,804. The original loan of \$946,000 was used for filter system improvements at the City's wastewater plant. Repayment is being funded with user fees.

Additional information regarding the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 6 on pages 36 through 39 of this report.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the City of Collinsville, Director of Finance, 125 South Center Street, Collinsville, IL 62234.

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STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS DECEMBER 31, 2008

	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities	Total
Assets				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	8,437,539	\$ 2,420,371	\$ 10,857,910
Investments	•	-	12,849,078	12,849,078
Receivables (Net of allowance				,
for uncollectibles):		3,048,958	1,089,968	4,138,926
Interfund Balances		9,762	(9,762)	-
Inventory		145,819	142,193	288,012
Prepaid Expenses		-	219,763	219,763
Restricted Assets:				
Cash and Cash Equivalents		107,730	431,746	539,476
Capital Assets:				
Land		898,665	377,205	1,275,870
Buildings and Improvements		8,215,429	17,845,867	26,061,296
Equipment		4,141,816	2,662,389	6,804,205
Vehicles		3,122,583	1,083,285	4,205,868
Infrastructure		33,290,749	34,436,420	67,727,169
Less: Accumulated Depreciation		(20,863,653)	(27,405,694)	(48,269,347)
Net Capital Assets		28,805,589	28,999,472	57,805,061
Other Assets		999,396	311,891	1,311,287
Total Assets		41,554,793	46,454,720	88,009,513
<u>Liabilities</u>			,	
Accounts Payable		440,939	162,478	603,417
Accrued Wages		114,603	26,966	141,569
Accrued Interest Payable		458,581	33,533	492,114
Liabilities Payable from Restricted Assets		104,240	431,746	535,986
Noncurrent Liabilities:			,.	,
Due Within One Year		2,221,711	965,968	3,187,679
Due in More Than One Year		28,660,194	18,991,129	47,651,323
Total Liabilities		32,000,268	20,611,820	52,612,088
Net Assets				
Invested in Capital Assets,				
Net of Related Debt		27,730,589	22,656,637	50,387,226
Restricted for:		21,130,309	22,030,037	30,387,220
Economic Development		5,477,490	-	5,477,490
Other Purposes		435,331	•	435,331
Unrestricted		(24,088,885)	3,186,263	(20,902,622)
Total Net Assets	\$	9,554,525	\$ 25,842,900	\$ 35,397,425
Total Net Assets	•	9,334,323	\$ 43,042,900	\$ 55,591,425

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

		Program Revenues			Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets			
		Operating		Capital	Primary Government			
		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental	Business-type		
	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total	
Functions/Programs								
Primary Government:						6		
Governmental Activities:								
General Government	\$ 3,702,069	\$ 327,918	\$ 27,794	\$ -	\$ (3,346,357)		\$ (3,346,357)	
Public Safety	10,620,814	1,139,367	155,442	-	(9,326,005)		(9,326,005)	
Public Works	3,832,886	89,491	-	50,000	(3,693,395)		(3,693,395)	
Health and Sanitation	1,354,057	1,249,091			(104,966)		(104,966)	
Community and					, , ,		, , , ,	
Economic Development	1,746,038	1,527,838	29,345	-	(188,855)		(188,855)	
Community Services	986,923		109,694	-	(877,229)		(877,229)	
Interest on Long-term Debt	1,636,717	-	-	-	(1,636,717)		(1,636,717)	
Total Governmental Activities (see Note 1)	23,879,504	4,333,705	322,275	50,000	(19,173,524)		(19,173,524)	
Business-type Activities:								
Water and Sewer	6,144,374	6,468,698	-	-		\$ 324,324	324,324	
Total Business-type Activities	6,144,374	6,468,698				324,324	324,324	
• •	£ 20,022,979		\$ 322,275	\$ 50,000	(10.173.634)	324,324		
Total Primary Government	\$ 30,023,878	\$ 10,802,403	3 322,273	3 30,000	(19,173,524)	324,324	(18,849,200)	
	General Revenue							
		evied for General	Purposes		4,302,272	-	4,302,272	
	Sales and Use	Гах			9,366,452	-	9,366,452	
	Replacement T	ax			101,260	-	101,260	
	State Income T	ax			2,387,557	-	2,387,557	
	Motor Fuel Tax	K			677,328	-	677,328	
	Telecommunic	ations Tax			1,088,734	-	1,088,734	
	Utility Tax				393,417	×	393,417	
	Franchise Fees				282,896	-	282,896	
	Other Taxes				429,468	-	429,468	
	Unrestricted In	vestment Earnings			193,230	492,952	686,182	
	Miscellaneous				52,771	-	52,771	
	Transfers				335,142	(335,142)	-	
	Total General	Revenues and Tra	nsfers		19,610,527	157,810	19,768,337	
	Change in N	et Assets			437,003	482,134	919,137	
	Net Assets - Beg	ginning			9,117,522	25,360,766	34,478,288	
	Net Assets - End				\$ 9,554,525	\$ 25,842,900	\$ 35,397,425	
		977						

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2008

	General Fund	Collinsville Crossings Fund	Tax Increment Financing Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
<u>Assets</u>					
Cash and Cash Equivalents:					
Cash	\$ 4,902	\$ -	\$ 21,345	\$ 68,417	\$ 94,664
Seized Funds Escrow	107,730	-	-		107,730
Investments	1,385,162	2,004,071	3,369,128	1,584,514	8,342,875
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	1,497,794	2,004,071	3,390,473	1,652,931	8,545,269
Receivables (Net, where applicable, of allowances for uncollectibles):					
Property Tax	1,567,064	-	40,302	-	1,607,366
Services	450,471	•	-	43,419	493,890
Intergovernmental	1,588,546	191,567	173,389	344,165	2,297,667
Other	189,353	•	-	-	189,353
Interfund Receivable	331,491		-	-	331,491
Inventory	145,819	<u> </u>			145,819
Total Assets	\$ 5,770,538	\$ 2,195,638	\$ 3,604,164	\$ 2,040,515	\$ 13,610,855
Liabilities and Fund Equity Liabilities:					
Accounts Payable	\$ 237,761	\$ -	\$ 73,343	\$ 129,835	\$ 440,939
Accrued Wages and					
Compensated Absences	113,403	-	1,200	•	114,603
Interfund Payable	-	247,243	526	73,960	321,729
Liabilities Payable from Restricted Assets:					
Seized Fund Escrow Liability	104,240	•	-	-	104,240
Deferred Revenue	1,539,318				1,539,318
Total Liabilities	1,994,722	247,243	75,069	203,795	2,520,829
Fund Equity: Fund Balance: Reserved For:					
Inventory	145,819	-	-		145,819
Forfeited Funds	284,678	-	-	-	284,678
Fire Equipment	4,834	-	-	-	4,834
Economic Development	-	1,948,395	3,529,095	•	5,477,490
Unreserved	3,340,485	-	-	-	3,340,485
Unreserved, Reported In:	,				
Special Revenue Funds	-	-	-	1,360,737	1,360,737
Debt Service Funds	-	-	-	(72,625)	(72,625)
Capital Projects Fund			-	548,608	548,608
Total Fund Equity	3,775,816	1,948,395	3,529,095	1,836,720	11,090,026
Total Liabilities and Fund					
Equity	\$ 5,770,538	\$ 2,195,638	\$ 3,604,164	\$ 2,040,515	\$ 13,610,855

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

Amounts reported for governmental fund balances are different because:

Fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 11,090,026
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported on the balance sheet of the governmental funds.	28,805,589
The amount of compensated absences is not recorded as a liability on the balance sheet of the governmental funds.	(1,123,558)
The amount of postemployment health care benefits is not recorded as a liability on the balance sheet of the governmental funds.	(258,145)
Long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) is not reported as a liability on the balance sheet of the governmental funds.	(29,500,202)
Accrued interest payable on the long-term debt is not reported as a liability on the balance sheet of the governmental funds.	(458,581)
Debt issuance costs are not reported as an asset to be amortized on the balance sheet of the governmental funds.	999,396
Net assets of governmental activities	\$ 9,554,525

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

	General Fund	Collinsville Crossings Fund	Tax Increment Financing Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:					
Property Tax	\$ 1,906,047	\$ -	\$ 2,396,225	\$ -	\$ 4,302,272
Intergovernmental:					
Sales and Use Tax	6,266,545	1,327,891	1,272,596	1,113,788	9,980,820
Replacement Tax	101,260	-	-	-	101,260
State Income Tax	2,387,557	-	-	-	2,387,557
Motor Fuel Tax	-	-		677,328	677,328
Telecommunications Tax	1,088,734		-	-	1,088,734
Grants	183,642	-	4,365	106,116	294,123
Other	427,681		1,787	•	429,468
Other Local Taxes	1,313,479		-	393,417	1,706,896
Drug Forfeiture Revenue	105,949	-	-	-	105,949
Licenses, Fees and Permits	566,141	-		-	566,141
Charges for Services	2,037,103	-	-	-	2,037,103
Fines	142,562	-	-	15,466	158,028
Investment Earnings	46,516	27,195	74,512	45,007	193,230
Gifts and Donations	27,276	-	24,980	25,896	78,152
Miscellaneous Revenues					
and Reimbursements	205,923		214,359	68,390	488,672
Total Revenues	16,806,415	1,355,086	3,988,824	2,445,408	24,595,733
Expenditures:				,	
Current:					
General Government	3,921,303	_	_	287,223	4,208,526
Public Safety	9,350,954			9,130	9,360,084
Public Works	2,013,475	_	_	309,784	2,323,259
Health and Sanitation	1,354,057			505,704	1,354,057
Community and Economic	1,554,057	-	-	_	1,334,037
Development	467,592	37,350	1,205,463	591	1,710,996
Community Services	122,549	57,550	863,615	571	986,164
Debt Service:	122,547		005,015		700,104
Principal	_	_	300,000	120,000	420,000
Interest and Fees		1,593,816	33,539	67,822	1,695,177
Capital Outlay	85,274	1,575,010	1,947,630	2,228,961	4,261,865
Total Expenditures	17,315,204	1,631,166	4,350,247	3,023,511	26,320,128
•		1,001,100	1,000,217	3,023,011	20,020,120
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over Expenditures	(508,789)	(276,080)	(361,423)	(578,103)	(1,724,395)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Proceeds from Debt	26,752			53,450	80,202
Operating Transfers In	390,000			-	390,000
Operating Transfers Out	•		(110,367)	55,509	(54,858)
Total Other Financing Sources	416,752		(110,367)	108,959	415,344
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other					
Financing Sources Over Expenditures	(00.000)	49.7 4 00.00			
and Other Financing Uses	(92,037)	(276,080)	(471,790)	(469,144)	(1,309,051)
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	3,847,975	2,224,475	4,000,885	2,305,864	12,379,199
Increase in Reserve for Inventory	19,878	•	T .	-	19,878
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 3,775,816	\$ 1,948,395	\$ 3,529,095	\$ 1,836,720	\$ 11,090,026

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

are different because:	
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ (1,309,051)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation expense and loos on disposals in the current year.	2,048,932
The amount of compensated absences is not recorded as expense in the fund financial statements. In the statement of activities, these amounts are included and recorded currently in the various functional expense categories. This amount is the difference between beginning and ending compensated absences balances that has been included in the statement of	
activities.	(441,423)
The amount of postemployment healthcare benefits is not recorded as expense in the fund financial statements. In the statement of activities, these amounts are included and recorded currently in the various functional expense categories. This amount is the difference between beginning and ending compensated absences balances that has been included in the statement of activities.	(258,145)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of those differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.	376,812
The governmental funds report the changes in inventory as a direct change to fund balances. The statement of activities reports the change in inventory as a change to the supplies expense account where the purchases were recorded. This amount is the change in inventory balances between the beginning and end of the year.	19,878
Change in net assets of governmental activities	\$ 437,003

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUND - WATER AND SEWER FUND DECEMBER 31, 2008

Assets:		Liabilities:	
Current Assets:		Current Liabilities:	
Cash and Cash Equivalents:		Accounts Payable	\$ 162,478
Cash	\$ 890	Accrued Wages	26,966
Investments	2,419,481	Due to Other Funds	9,762
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	2,420,371	Current Portion - Loan Payable	103,087
Investments	12,849,078	Current Portion - Bonds Payable	735,000
Receivables (Net, where applicable, of		Accrued Interest Payable	33,533
allowances for uncollectible):		Total Current Liabilities	1,070,826
Services	1,087,098	,	
Accrued Interest	2,870	Noncurrent Liabilities:	
Inventory	142,193	Accrued Compensated Absences	420,624
Prepaid Expenses	219,763	Postemployment Healthcare Benefits	32,669
Total Current Assets	16,721,373	Loan Payable	208,804
		General Obligation Bonds	19,295,000
Noncurrent Assets:		Current Portion Of Debt	(838,087)
Restricted Assets:		Customer Deposits	431,746
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Customer Deposits	431,746	Total Noncurrent Liabilities	19,550,756
		Total Liabilities	20,621,582
Capital Assets:		*	
Land	377,205		
Buildings and Improvements	17,845,867		
Equipment	2,662,389		
Vehicles	1,083,285		
Water and Sewer Lines	30,425,781		
Construction in Progress	4,010,639		
Total	56,405,166		
Less - Accumulated Depreciation	(27,405,694)		
Net Capital Assets	28,999,472		
Other Assets - Bond Issuance Costs	311,891		
,		Net Assets:	
Total Noncurrent Assets	29,743,109	Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	22,656,637
, and the same of		Unrestricted	3,186,263
Total Assets	\$ 46,464,482	Total Net Assets	\$ 25,842,900

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUND - WATER AND SEWER FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

Operating Revenues:	
Charges for Services	\$ 6,135,865
Fees	275,720
Miscellaneous Revenue	57,113
Total Operating Revenues	6,468,698
Operating Expenses:	
Salaries	1,977,666
Employee Benefits	787,795
Maintenance	152,204
Contractual Services	1,252,875
Commodities	675,792
Depreciation	1,273,132
Total Operating Expenses	6,119,464
Operating Income	349,234
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):	
Amortization of Deferred Refunding and	
Bond Issuance Costs	(17,327)
Investment Earnings	492,952
Interest and Fiscal Charges	(7,583)
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	468,042
Income Before Capital Contributions and Transfers	817,276
Transfers Out	(335,142)
Change in Net Assets	482,134
Net Assets - Beginning of Year	25,360,766
Net Assets - End of Year	\$ 25,842,900



STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE - WATER AND SEWER FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

Cash Flows from Operating Activities:	
Receipts from Customers	\$ 6,507,517
Payments to Suppliers	(2,808,826)
Payments to Employees	(1,968,930)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	1,729,761
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:	
Payments to Other Funds	(325,380)
Net Cash Used by Noncapital Financing Activities	(325,380)
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:	
Capital Expenditures	(1,632,517)
Principal Payments on Bonds	(700,000)
Interest Payments and Fiscal Charges	(840,577)
Principal Payments on Loan	(105,523)
Net Cash Used by Capital and Related Financing Activities	 (3,278,617)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:	
Interest Received	551,266
Net Sale of Long-Term Investments	251,126
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	802,392
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(1,071,844)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year	 3,923,961
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$ 2,852,117
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided	
by Operating Activities:	
Operating Income	\$ 349,234
Adjustments to Reconcile Net Income to	
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:	
Depreciation	1,273,132
(Increase) Decrease in Assets:	
Services Receivables	21,251
Inventory	(5,314)
Prepaid Expenses	(3,180)
Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities:	
Accrued Wages and Compensated Absences	8,736
Postemployment Healthcare Benefits	32,669
Accounts Payable	35,665
Restricted Customer Deposits	 17,568
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$ 1,729,761

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS - PENSION TRUST FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2008

Assets:	
Cash and Cash Equivalents:	
Cash	\$ 1,366,342
Investments	127,275
Investments	25,059,058
Receivables:	
Property Tax	955,433
Accrued Interest	92,652
Total Assets	27,600,760
Liabilities:	
Accounts Payable	15,000
Total Liabilities	15,000
Net Assets:	
Held in Trust For Pension	
Benefits and Other Purposes	\$ 27,585,760

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS - PENSION TRUST FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

Additions:	
Taxes	\$ 1,156,422
Employee Contributions	477,445
Investment Earnings:	
Investment Earnings	(4,939,934)
Less: Investment Expense	(109,353)
Net Investment Earnings	(5,049,287)
Total Additions	(3,415,420)
Deductions:	
Benefit Payments	1,729,537
Contractual Services	28,529
Total Deductions	1,758,066
Change in Net Assets	(5,173,486)
Net Assets - Beginning of Year	32,759,246
Net Assets - End of Year	\$ 27,585,760

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2008

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Collinsville, Illinois was incorporated November 30, 1872. The City operates under a City Manager form of government and provides the following services: public safety (police and fire), highways and streets, health and sanitation, community and economic development, community services, water and sewerage and general administrative services. The City Manager and council members exercise oversight responsibility for all of these governmental services.

The financial statements of the City of Collinsville, Illinois ("City") have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the City's accounting policies are described below.

(a) The financial reporting entity

The City is a political subdivision of the State of Illinois. An elected board of four council members and a mayor governs the City. The council members are elected at large. These financial statements present all the fund types and account groups of the City. Component units are legally separate entities for which the City is financially accountable. The City did not report any component units in the City's financial statements.

Related organization

The City's Mayor and Council are responsible for appointing and approving the members of the Collinsville Metropolitan Exposition Auditorium and Office Building Authority. However, the City's accountability for the Authority does not extend beyond making the appointments. The Authority's operations, capital and debt service expenditures are financed entirely from the Authority's operations. The City has no involvement in the determination of the Authority's budget and rental rates and no obligations for the Authority's outstanding debts.

<u>CITY OF COLLINSVILLE, ILLINOIS</u> NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

(b) Government-wide and fund financial statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of changes in net assets) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the City. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

(c) Measurement focus, basis of accounting and financial statement presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the

CITY OF COLLINSVILLE, ILLINOIS NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, intergovernmental revenues, franchise taxes and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized, when applicable, as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Collinsville Crossing Fund accounts for the collection of taxes to be used to retire debt related to the development of Collinsville Crossings.

The Tax Increment Financing Fund accounts for incremental taxes and other revenues as well as all expenses related to improvements and promotional costs connected to the tax increment financing areas.

The City reports the following major proprietary fund:

The Water and Sewer Fund accounts for all activities related to the billing, administration, distribution and collection processes of the water and sewer utilities. The City operates the water distribution system as well as the sewage treatment plant, sewage pumping stations and collection systems.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund type:

The pension trust fund accounts for the activities of the Police and Fire Pension Funds, which accumulate resources for pension benefit payments to qualified public safety employees.

CITY OF COLLINSVILLE, ILLINOIS NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The City has elected to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are reimbursements between funds for direct costs applicable to the other fund. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's enterprise fund are charges to customers for sales and services. The City also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

(d) Assets, liabilities and net assets or equity

Deposits and investments

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, certificates of deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less. All short-term cash surpluses are maintained in a cash and investment pool and interest allocated to each fund based on month-end balances and investment policies.

The City is authorized by state statute to invest in obligations of the United States of America, insured interest bearing accounts of banks, savings and loan associations or credit unions, certain short-term obligations of corporations organized in the United States, money market mutual funds that invest in obligations of the United States of

CITY OF COLLINSVILLE, ILLINOIS NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

America or its agencies or are guaranteed by the full faith and credit of the United States of America, the Illinois Funds, the Illinois Metropolitan Investment Fund and repurchase agreements of government securities. The pension trust funds are also allowed to invest limited percentages of their monies in mutual funds and equity securities.

Fixed-income securities are recorded in all funds at fair value. Investment income is recognized as earned. Gains or losses on sales and exchanges of fixed-income securities are recognized on the transaction date.

Receivables and payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles.

The allowance for uncollectibles, which has been deducted from the related receivable on the statement of net assets, consists of the following amounts.

General Fund	Garbage Receivables	\$	27,637
General Fund	Ambulance Receivables		377,541
Proprietary Fund	Water and Sewer Receivables	_	156,459
Total		\$	561,637

Unbilled water and sewer utility receivables related to the businesstype activities are recorded at year-end. They are determined by taking cycle billings subsequent to December 31 and prorating the applicable number of days to the current fiscal year.

Unbilled garbage receivables related to the governmental activities are recorded and reported in the same manner as the water and sewer billings.

The City levied its 2007 property taxes on December 10, 2007 based upon the assessed valuation as of the previous January 1. Property

taxes are due in two installments in the following year, usually in June and August, and are considered delinquent after the due dates. Property taxes for 2008 become an enforceable lien in January 2009. Because this tax levy will be used to pay expenses budgeted in 2009, no part of this tax levy is shown as a receivable as of December 31, 2008 in the statement of activities.

Inventories and prepaid items

All inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased. Inventory in the governmental fund consists of expendable street department supplies held for consumption. Inventory in the business-type fund consists of waterworks and sewerage supplies.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

Restricted assets

At December 31, 2008, the following amounts are reported as restricted assets by the City:

Waterworks and Sewerage Customer Deposits	\$ 431,746
General Fund - Police Savings - Inventory	107,730

Capital assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. The government defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost and estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects when constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. The City recorded capitalized interest of \$831,819 in the current year related to the interest incurred on the construction related debt.

Property, plant and equipment are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings and improvements	7 - 40
Public domain infrastructure	20 - 40
System infrastructure	20 - 50
Vehicles	5 - 10
Office and other equipment	5 - 15

Compensated absences

Accumulated unpaid vacation and sick pay amounts are accrued when incurred. The City's policy permits employees to earn one to four weeks of vacation per year, based on length of service. In addition, employees earn sick leave at the rate of eighteen days per year. The maximum accumulation for any employee is one year vacation earned and ninety days of sick leave. Accumulated unused sick leave is paid to an employee upon retirement.

At December 31, 2008, the City estimated that the accumulated liability for unused vacation and sick leave for governmental fund employees totaled \$505,502 and \$618,056, respectively. Amounts reflected in the financial statements at December 31, 2008 for Enterprise Fund employees related to unused vacation and sick leave benefits totaled \$127,881 and \$292,743, respectively

Long-term obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of any related deferred refunding costs. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Fund equity

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

The following details the description and amount of all reserves recorded by the City in the fund financial statements:

Governmental Funds	
Reserved for Inventory	\$ 145,819
Reserved for Economic Development	5,477,490
Reserved for Forfeited Funds	284,678
Reserved for Fire Equiment	 4,834
	\$ 5,912,821
Fiduciary Funds	
Reserved for Employees' Pension	
Benefits	\$ 27,585,760

Estimates

Management uses estimates and assumptions in preparing these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. These estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the reported revenues and expenditures. Actual results could vary from estimates that were used.

NOTE 2: BUDGETARY AND LEGAL COMPLIANCE

City ordinance requires that a legally adopted annual budget be prepared for all funds. The City Manager compiles a budget of estimated revenues and expenditures for the City and submits the budget to the City Council prior to January 1 each year. Copies of the proposed budget are made available for public inspection for at least 10 days prior to passage of the budget. A public hearing is held on the budget by the City Council. Notice of the hearing is given by publication in a newspaper with general circulation in the City.

The legal level of budgetary control is defined as the budgeted appropriation amount at the program level of expenditures within a department.

Subsequent transfers within a fund may be made as follows:

- With the approval of the City Manager and the Finance Director, department heads may transfer amounts up to \$10,000 between programs within a department.
- City Council approval is required for all other transfers.

Unexpended appropriations lapse at year-end. Supplemental appropriations can be made with the majority vote of the City Council.

The City prepares its annual budget on the cash basis of accounting, which differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP.) The budget and all transactions are presented in accordance with the City's method (budget basis) in the required supplementary information for the major governmental funds to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget.

The City has no funds with actual expenditures in excess of the budgeted amounts.

NOTE 3: CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

General Government & Business-Like Activities

At December 31, 2008, the carrying amount of the City's deposits was \$4,420,901 and the bank balance was \$5,119,715. The deposits were comprised of checking, interest checking, savings, money market and certificates of deposit.

<u>Custodial Credit Risk</u>. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. The City requires that all deposits be fully covered by FDIC insurance or collateralized with investments held by the financial institution in the City's name. The City had bank balances of \$301,837 that exceeded FDIC coverage but was collateralized by investments held by the bank in the City's name.

As of December 31, 2008, the City had the following investments:

	Weighted Average		
Investment	Maturity (Years)	j	Fair Value
Illinois Metropolitan Investment Fund	Daily	\$	1,257,740
The Illinois Funds (external investment pool)	Daily		3,850,243
Money Market Mutual Funds	Daily		1,868,022
Federal National Mortgage Association	0.17		5,062,933
Federal Home Loan Bank	0.11		5,596,145
Certificate of Deposits	0.46		2,190,000
			19,825,083
Cash on Hand			480
Deposits as reported above		_	4,420,901
Total deposits and investments		\$	24,246,464
As Reported in the Statement of Net Assets:			
Cash and Cash Equivalents		\$	10,857,910
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Restricted			539,476
Investments		_	12,849,078
		\$	24,246,464

<u>Interest Rate Risk.</u> The City's investment policy limits investment maturities in order to maintain sufficient liquidity to reflect the cash flow needs of the fund type being invested. The policy also requires diversification of the investment portfolio via length of maturity as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

<u>Credit Risk.</u> As of December 31, 2008, the credit rating of the City's investments was as follows:

Investment	Standard & Poor's Rating	Moody's Investors Service Rating
Illinois Metropolitan Investment Fund		Aaa
The Illinois Funds	AAAm	
Federal National Mortgage Association	AAA	Aaa
Federal Home Loan Bank	AAA	Aaa

Concentration of Credit Risk. As of December 31, 2008, the City's investments are concentrated as follows:

Investment	Percentage
Illinois Metropolitan Investment Fund	7.00%
The Illinois Funds	21.44%
Federal National Mortgage Assoc.	28.20%
Federal Home Loan Bank	31.16%

<u>Foreign Currency Risk.</u> As of December 31, 2008, the City has no foreign currency risk.

Firefighter's Pension Fund

At December 31, 2008, the carrying amount of the Firefighter's Pension Fund deposits was \$5,858,656 and the bank balance was \$5,870,120. The deposits were comprised of interest checking, money market and certificates of deposit.

<u>Custodial Credit Risk</u>. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Firefighter's Pension Fund's deposits may not be returned to it. The Firefighter's Pension Fund requires that all deposits be fully covered by FDIC insurance or collateralized with investments held by the financial institution in the Fire Pension's name.

As of December 31, 2008, the Firefighter's Pension Fund had the following investments:

	Weighted Average		
Investment	Maturity (Years)	Fair Value	
The Illinois Funds	Daily	\$	127,275
U.S. Treasury Notes	5.74		1,085,512
Federal National Mortgage Association	16.86		1,185,826
Corporate Debt	1.14		61,893
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp.	9.08		224,815
Mutual Funds		_	4,782,331
			7,467,652
Deposits as reported above		_	5,858,656
Total deposits and investments		\$	13,326,308

Interest Rate Risk. The Firefighter's Pension Fund's investment policy limits investment maturities in order to maintain sufficient liquidity to reflect the cash flow needs of the fund type being invested. The policy also requires diversification of the investment portfolio via length of maturity as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

<u>Credit Risk.</u> As of December 31, 2008, the Firefighter's Pension Fund's investments credit ratings were as follows:

Investment	Standard & Poor's Rating	Moody's Investors Service Rating		
The Illinois Funds	AAAm			
Federal National Mortgage Association	AAA	Aaa		
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp.	AAA	Aaa		

<u>Concentration of Credit Risk</u>. As of December 31, 2008, the Firefighter's Pension Fund has no concentration of credit risk.

<u>Foreign Currency Risk.</u> As of December 31, 2008, the Firefighter's Pension Fund has no foreign currency risk.

Police Pension Fund

At December 31, 2008, the carrying amount of the Police Pension Fund's deposits was \$1,577,461 and the bank balance was \$1,640,568. The deposits were comprised of checking and interest checking accounts.

<u>Custodial Credit Risk</u>. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Police Pension's deposits may not be returned to it. The Police Pension requires that all deposits be fully covered by FDIC insurance or collateralized with investments held by the financial institution in the Fire Pension's name.

As of December 31, 2008, the Police Pension Fund had the following investments:

	Weighted Average		
Investment	Maturity (Years)	Fair Value	
U.S. Treasury Notes	3.36	\$	1,943,436
Federal National Mortgage Association	19.10		1,564,700
Federal Home Loan Mortgage	8.99		935,091
Government National Mortgage Association	20.58		144,779
Federal Home Loan Bank	6.50		2,381,939
Corporate Debt	3.16		1,534,529
Domestic Equities		-	3,144,432
			11,648,906
Deposits as reported above		_	1,577,461
Total deposits and investments	4	\$	13,226,367

<u>Interest Rate Risk.</u> The Police Pension Fund's investment policy limits investment maturities in order to maintain sufficient liquidity to reflect the cash flow needs of the fund type being invested. The policy also requires diversification of the investment portfolio via length of maturity as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

<u>Credit Risk.</u> As of December 31, 2008, the Police Pension Fund's investments credit ratings were as follows:

Investment	Standard & Poor's Rating	 Moody's Investors Service Rating
Federal National Mortgage Association	AAA	Aaa
Federal Home Loan Mortgage	AAA	Aaa
Federal Home Loan Bank	AAA	Aaa

<u>Concentration of Credit Risk</u>. As of December 31, 2008, the Police Pension Fund's investments are concentrated as follows:

Investment	Percentage
Federal National Mortgage Association	11.83%

<u>Foreign Currency Risk.</u> As of December 31, 2008, the Police Pension Fund has no foreign currency risk.

NOTE 4: <u>CAPITAL ASSETS</u>

Capital asset activity for governmental activities for the year ended December 31, 2008 was as follows:

Governmental activities: Capital assets, not being depreciated:		Beginning Balance		Increases	Decreases		Ending Balance
Land	\$	566,295	\$	332,370	\$ -	\$	898,665
Capital assets, being depreciated:							
Buildings and improvements		7,544,040		1,248,378	576,989		8,215,429
Equipment .		4,010,236		757,102	625,522		4,141,816
Vehicles		3,041,590		173,477	92,484		3,122,583
Infrastructure	_	31,540,211	_	1,750,538		_	33,290,749
Total capital assets being depreciated	_	46,136,077	_	3,929,495	1,294,995	_	48,770,577
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Buildings and improvements		1,790,780		234,836	395,622		1,629,994
Equipment		3,023,309		295,163	595,111		2,723,361
Vehicles		2,071,613		250,294	85,179		2,236,728
Infrastructure	_	13,060,013	_	1,213,557			14,273,570
Total accumulated depreciation	_	19,945,715	_	1,993,850	1,075,912	_	20,863,653
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	_	26,190,362	_	1,935,645	219,083		27,906,924
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	26,756,657	\$	2,268,015	\$ 219,083	\$_	28,805,589

Capital asset activity for business-type activities for the year ended December 31, 2008 was as follows:

Business-type activities:		Balance		Increases	Decreases		Balance
Capital assets, not being depreciated:							
Land	\$	377,205	\$	-	\$ -	\$	377,205
Construction in progress	_	7,982,488	_	831,819	4,803,668	_	4,010,639
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	_	8,359,693	-	831,819	4,803,668	_	4,387,844
Capital assets, being depreciated:							
Buildings and improvements		12,105,779		5,740,088	-		17,845,867
Infrastructure		29,955,807		469,974	-		30,425,781
Equipment		2,523,521		138,868	-		2,662,389
Vehicles		996,030		87,255			1,083,285
Total capital assets, being depreciated	_	45,581,137	_	6,436,185		_	52,017,322
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Buildings and improvements		6,537,129		427,311	-		6,964,440
Infrastructure		17,070,999		649,913	-		17,720,912
Equipment		1,616,007		150,130			1,766,137
Vehicles		908,427		45,778			954,205
Total accumulated depreciation		26,132,562	_	1,273,132	-	_	27,405,694
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	_	19,448,575		5,163,053	:	_	24,611,628
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$	27,808,268	\$	5,994,872	\$ 4,803,668	\$_	28,999,472

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the City as follows:

Governmental activities:		
General government	\$	73,868
Public safety		496,750
Highways and streets, including depreciation of		
general infrastructure assets		1,417,508
Community and economic development		5,107
Community services		617
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	<u>\$</u>	1,993,850
Business-type activities:		
Water and sewer	<u>\$</u>	1,273,132

NOTE 5: RECEIVABLES

The City reports the following receivables in the statement of net assets as of December 31, 2008. These amounts are reported net of the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts.

Receivables:	General	Other Major <u>Funds</u>	Water and <u>Sewer</u>	Nonmajor <u>Funds</u>	Total
Interest	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,870	\$ -	\$ 2,870
Local Taxes	147,240	40,302		-	187,542
Fines/Franchise Fees	69,859	-	-	-	69,859
Accounts	855,649	-	1,243,557	43,419	2,142,625
Intergovernmental	1,738,546	364,956		344,165	2,447,667
Gross Receivables	2,811,294	405,258	1,246,427	387,584	4,850,563
Less: Allowance for					
uncollectible	405,178		156,459		561,637
Net Total Receivables	\$2,406,116	\$405,258	\$1,089,968	\$ 387,584	\$4,288,926

Governmental funds report deferred revenue in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of deferred revenue and unearned revenue reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

	<u>Unavailable</u>	<u>Unearned</u>		
Property taxes receivable	\$ 1,539,318	\$		

NOTE 6: LONG-TERM DEBT

The City issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds have been issued for both governmental and business-type activities. The City has the following outstanding bond issues:

\$715,000 General Obligation Refunding Bonds (Tax Increment Alternate Revenue Source), Series 2003B dated September 3, 2003, due in annual installments of \$70,000 to \$85,000 through December 1, 2013; interest at 3.10% to 4.00%. The amount of bonds outstanding as of December 31, 2008 is \$395,000.

\$2,900,000 General Obligation Tax Increment Bonds, Series 1997 dated May 15, 1997, due in one final annual installment of \$315,000 on December 30, 2009; interest at 5.15%. The amount of bonds outstanding as of December 31, 2008 is \$315,000.

\$20,000,000 General Obligation Bonds, Series 2006 dated February 1, 2006, due in annual installments of \$735,000 to \$1,490,000 through December 15, 2026; interest at 4.00% to 4.45%. The amount of bonds outstanding as of December 31, 2008 is \$19,295,000.

\$7,300,000 Taxable General Obligation Bonds, Series 2007A dated October 31, 2007, due in annual installments of \$125,000 to \$670,000 through December 15, 2027; interest at 5.20% to 5.80%. The amount of bonds outstanding as of December 31, 2008 is \$7,300,000.

\$1,215,000 General Obligation Bonds, Series 2007B dated October 31, 2007, due in annual installments of \$70,000 to \$115,000 through December 15, 2021; interest at 3.50% to 4.00%. The amount of bonds outstanding as of December 31, 2008 is \$1,160,000.

\$20,250,000 Local Government Program Revenue Bonds, Series 2007 dated July 23, 2007, due in semiannual installments of \$230,000 to \$2,455,000 through March 1, 2023; interest at 5.00% to 5.35%. The maturity dates may be extended if projected revenues are not met and sufficient funds to make debt payments are not available. The amount of bonds outstanding as of December 31, 2008 is \$20,250,000.

The annual requirements to retire general obligation debt as of December 31, 2008 are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended	Government	tal Activities	Business-typ	e Activities
December 31,	Principal Principal	<u>Interest</u>	Principal	Interest
2009	\$ 1,650,000	\$ 1,508,089	\$ 735,000	\$ 804,794
2010	1,040,000	1,436,033	765,000	775,394
2011	1,160,000	1,385,120	800,000	744,794
2012	1,275,000	1,327,886	835,000	712,794
2013	1,380,000	1,264,790	870,000	679,394
2014 - 2018	8,290,000	5,212,038	4,930,000	2,844,969
2019 - 2023	12,200,000	2,620,246	6,065,000	1,748,481
2024 - 2027	2,425,000	363,392	4,295,000	384,911
w	\$29,420,000	\$15,117,594	\$ 19,295,000	\$8,695,531

The City has entered into several lease agreements. The following are descriptions of the City's outstanding capital leases:

\$53,450 capital lease through John Deere Credit, Inc., dated March 20, 2008, for a crawler dozer, bears interest at 4.33%; one annual principal and interest payment of \$55,766 is due March 20, 2009. The principal amount of the lease outstanding as of December 31, 2008 is \$53,450.

\$23,343 capital lease through Dell Financial Services, Inc., dated December 19, 2008, for a server, bears interest at 6.63%; annual principal and interest payments of \$12,845 are due through December 19, 2010. The principal amount of the lease outstanding as of December 31, 2008 is \$23,343.

\$3,409 capital lease through Dell Financial Services, Inc., dated November 11, 2008, for 6 computers, bears interest at 7.06%; annual principal and interest payments of \$1,703 are due through November 2010 with a final payment of \$409 due November 2011. The principal amount of the lease outstanding as of December 31, 2008 is \$3,409.

The annual requirements to retire capital leases are as follows:

Year Ended December 31,	<u>P</u>	rincipal	<u>It</u>	nterest		<u>Total</u>
2009	\$	66,209	\$	4,105	\$	70,314
2010		13,612		937		14,549
2011		381		28	_	409
	\$	80,202	\$	5,070	\$	85,272

The City has entered into a loan agreement with the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency for filter system improvements. The loan consists of drawdowns of \$927,678 and accrued interest of \$18,668 for a total loan of \$946,346. The loan is to be repaid in 20 semi-annual installments of \$53,866 including interest at 2.535 percent. The accrued interest on the loan has been capitalized and included in the cost of the project for construction purposes.

The annual requirements to retire the loan are as follows:

Year Ended December 31,	Ī	Principal	<u>It</u>	nterest	Total
2009 2010	\$	103,087 105,717	\$	4,645 2,016	\$ 107,732 107,733
	\$	208,804	\$	6,661	\$ 215,465

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended December 31, 2008:

Governmental Activities: Bonds and notes payable:	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Amounts Due Within One Year
General obligation debt	\$ 29,840,000	\$ -	\$ 420,000	\$ 29,420,000	\$ 1,650,000
Other liabilities: Leases Post-employment		80,202	-	80,202	66,209
healthcare benefits	-	258,145	-	258,145	-
Compensated absences	682,135	441,423		1,123,558	505,502
	682,135	779,770	-	1,461,905	571,711
Governmental activities long-term liabilities	\$ 30,522,135	\$ 779,770	\$ 420,000	\$ 30,881,905	\$ 2,221,711
Business-type Activities: Bonds and notes payable:					
General obligation debt	\$ 20,000,000	\$ -	\$ 705,000	\$ 19,295,000	\$ 735,000
IEPA Loan	309,327	-	100,523	208,804	103,087
Total bonds and notes payable	20,309,327	-	805,523	19,503,804	838,087
Other liabilities: Post-employment					
healthcare benefits		32,669	-	32,669	-
Compensated absences	354,428	66,196		420,624	127,881
Business-type activities long-term liabilities	\$ 20,663,755	\$ 98,865	\$ 805,523	\$ 19,957,097	\$ 965,968

NOTE 7: LEGAL DEBT MARGIN

The City was certified as a home rule unit by the State of Illinois as of August 24, 2005. Under Section 6 of Article VII of the 1970 Illinois Constitution, home rule units have no debt limitation.

NOTE 8: RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; thefts of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions and natural disasters for which the City carries commercial insurance. There have been no significant reductions in coverage from the prior year and settlements have not exceeded coverages in the past three years.

NOTE 9: INTERGOVERNMENTAL AGREEMENT

The City entered into an intergovernmental agreement with the Collinsville Metropolitan Exposition, Auditorium and Office Building Authority (the "Authority"). This agreement, as amended on April 7, 1988, requires the City to collect Hotel-Motel Tax and Food and Beverages Tax. All proceeds from the taxes shall be used for the support, construction, maintenance or financing of a facility of the "Authority".

The City has agreed to allow these funds to be used to:

- 1. Pay the principal and interest on the revenue bonds of the Authority, and
- 2. Establish and maintain a reserve fund at \$300,000 for the payment of deficits as they become due.

The City's Hotel-Motel Tax Ordinance provides for the payment of an administration fee to the City in the amount of \$12,500 per annum after the payments noted above have been provided for.

The Authority has allowed the City to withhold the administrative fee of \$12,500 for the year regardless of the balance in the reserve fund.

NOTE 10: TAX INCREMENT FINANCING DISTRICT

In 1986, the City established a Tax Increment Financing (TIF) District. Provisions for the establishment and operation of a TIF District are in the Illinois Compiled Statutes, Chapter 65, Act 5, Article 11, Division 74.4. The goals of the District are defined in a redevelopment plan adopted by the City and dated December 26, 1986.

The objectives of the Collinsville, Illinois, Tax Increment Redevelopment Plan No. 1 are:

- 1. To reduce or eliminate those conditions which qualify the areas as a "conservation area".
- 2. To prevent the recurrence of those conditions.
- 3. To enhance the tax base of the City of Collinsville and the other taxing districts which extend into the project area.
- 4. To preserve and enhance the value of properties adjacent to the project area.
- 5. To encourage private investment, rehabilitation and redevelopment in the project area.

- 6. To provide necessary incentives to attract quality new commercial activities in the project area that are compatible with the land use plan of the City.
- 7. To participate in planning, studies, professional services, site assembly, demolition, relocation, construction of public works, job training and retraining, financing costs, payment in lieu of taxes, developers' interest costs and other qualified project costs to attract the private investment, rehabilitation and redevelopment in an orderly plan in accordance with the City's land use plans and regulations.

The redevelopment project costs of the District are financed from three sources:

- 1. The real estate property taxes derived from any increment in property tax valuation from an established base period.
- 2. The sales use and service tax increment, which generally is a state formula computation of the annual state sales tax increment from sales within the District compared to the base period.
- 3. The "municipal sales tax increment" which is an amount equal to the increase in the aggregate amount of taxes paid to the City from the Local Government Tax Fund compared to the base year which shall be the calendar year immediately prior to the year in which the City adopted tax increment allocation financing.

Funds from the above sources are to be deposited in a Special Tax Allocation Fund and redevelopment project costs are to be paid from this fund.

On October 22, 2001, the City established TIF District #2 to provide funds to attract development in the vacant southwest quadrant of the interchange of I-255 and Horseshoe Lake Road. This 150-acre area is suitable for retail and commercial use. The objectives are primarily the same as those set forth in establishing the initial TIF District. The TIF District #2 will be financed only with increases in property values within the district and the related incremental taxes.

On January 27, 2003, the City established TIF District #3 to provide funds to attract development in the vacant northeast quadrant of the of I-255 and I-55/70 interchange. This 66-acre area is contiguous to TIF District #1 and is suitable for an industrial park. The objectives are primarily the same as those set forth in establishing the initial TIF District. The TIF District #3 will be financed only with increases in property values within the district and the related incremental taxes.

NOTE 11: SEIZED FUND ESCROW

The City maintains a seized fund escrow account where it deposits monies seized by the police department until a determination is made regarding the distribution of those funds. The balance in this account at December 31, 2007 is \$107,730. The escrow liability directly offsets this account except for net interest income and bank service charges in the amount of \$3,490.

NOTE 12: SOLID WASTE LANDFILL

The City maintained a solid waste landfill east of Collinsville. This disposal facility was closed in 1986 and was determined by the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency to be satisfactorily closed and covered on October 24, 1986.

The Illinois Environmental Protection Agency requires the City to have sufficient operable equipment, personnel and supervision available to comply with applicable regulations; to provide a final cover of adequate depth; and adequate monitoring and control over leachate, gas, water and settling. In the inspection made by the Madison County Building, Zoning and Environmental Department, the City was found to be in compliance with applicable regulations.

In 1998, the IEPA notified the City that an inspection revealed possible environmental violations. At that time, the City hired an engineer to examine the cause of the violations and provide further guidance on what measures, if any, need to be taken by the City. The City has since dug wells and performed extensive testing to remedy the situation. The engineer has now filed for official permanent closure but, at this time, the EPA has not granted that status. Future required testing costs for this project is expected to be approximately \$35,000 per year for the foreseeable future.

NOTE 13: FEDERAL DRUG FORFEITURE REVENUE AND EXPENSES

During the year, the City received \$100,408 in federal drug forfeiture revenue and from those funds expended \$95,963. The City's police department assists in drug raids and seizes assets during those raids. All seized assets are turned over to Federal governmental agencies and then shared on a percentage basis by municipalities and/or organizations that participated in the drug raids. The governmental agencies require that those funds be used for police operations and, in some cases, drug enforcement.

NOTE 14: RETIREMENT AND PENSION FUND COMMITMENTS

1. Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund

Plan Description. The City's defined benefit pension plan for regular employees provides retirement and disability benefits, post retirement increases, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The Plan is affiliated with the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), an agent multiple-employer plan. Benefit provisions are established by statute and may only be changed by the General Assembly of the State of Illinois. IMRF issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained on-line at www.imrf.org.

Funding Policy. As set by statute, members are required to contribute 4.50 percent of their annual covered salary. The statute requires employers to contribute the amount necessary, in addition to member contributions, to finance the retirement coverage of its own employees. The employer contribution rate for calendar year 2008 was 7.89 percent of annual covered payroll. The employer also contributes for disability benefits, death benefits and supplemental retirement benefits, all of which are pooled at the IMRF level. Contribution rates for disability and death benefits are set by the IMRF Board of Trustees, while the supplemental retirement benefits rate is set by statute.

Annual Pension Cost. For 2008, the City's annual pension cost of \$368,778 for the regular plan was equal to the City's required and actual contributions.

Three-Year Trend Information for IMRF

Fiscal	Annual	Percentage	Net	
Year	Pension	of APC	Pension	
Ending	Cost (APC)	Contributed	Obligation	
12/31/2008	\$ 368,778	100%	\$ -	
12/31/2007	313,149	100%	-	
12/31/2006	188,587	100%	-	

The required contribution for 2008 was determined as part of the December 31, 2006 actuarial valuation using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions at December 31, 2006 included (a) 7.50% investment rate of return (net of administrative and direct investment expenses), (b) projected salary increases of 4.00% a year, attributable to inflation, (c) additional projected salary increases ranging from 0.4% to 11.6% per year depending on age and service, attributable to seniority/merit, and (d) post-retirement benefit increases of 3% annually. The actuarial value of plan assets was determined using

techniques that spread the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a five-year period with a 20% corridor between the actuarial and market value of assets. The City's unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on a closed basis. The remaining amortization period at the December 31, 2006, valuation was 24 years.

Funded Status and Funding Progress. As of December 31, 2008, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was 82.07 percent funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$12,119,365 and the actuarial value of assets was \$9,946,893, resulting in an underfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$2,172,472. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$4,673,993 and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 46 percent.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as RSI following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

2. Police Pension Fund and Firefighters' Pension Fund

a) Plan Description and Contribution Information

Information is shown at various dates, which presents the most current information available.

Police sworn personnel are covered by the Police Pension Plan which is a defined benefit single-employer pension plan. Although this is a single-employer pension plan, the defined benefits and employee and employer contributions levels are governed by Illinois Compiled Statutes (Chapter 40 – Act 5, Article 3) and may be amended only by the Illinois legislature. The City accounts for the plan as a pension trust fund. The City's payroll for employees covered by the Police Pension Plan for the year ended December 31, 2008 was \$2,969,142.

At December 31, 2008, the Police Pension Plan membership consisted of:

Retirees and Beneficiaries Currently Receiving	
Benefits and Terminated Employees Entitled	
to Benefits but not yet Receiving Them	29
Current Employees	<u>46</u>
Total	75

The following is a summary of the Police Pension Plan as provided in the Illinois Compiled Statutes:

The Police Pension Plan provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. Employees attaining the age of 50 or more with 20 or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive an annual retirement benefit of one-half of the salary attached to the rank held on the last day of service, or for one year prior to the last day, whichever is greater. The pension shall be increased by 2.5% of such salary for each additional year of service over 20 years up to 30 years, to a maximum of 75% of such salary. Employees with at least 8 years but less than 20 years of credited service may retire at or after age 60 and receive a reduced benefit. The monthly pension of a police officer who retired with 20 or more years of service after January 1, 1977 shall be increased annually, following the first anniversary date of retirement and be paid upon reaching the age of at least 55 years, by 3% of the current pension.

Covered employees are required to contribute 9.91% of their base salary to the Police Pension Plan. If an employee leaves covered employment with less than 20 years of service, accumulated employee contributions may be refunded. The City is required to contribute the remaining amount necessary to finance the plan as actuarially determined by an enrolled actuary. By the year 2033, the City's contributions must accumulate to the point where the past service cost for the Police Pension Plan is fully funded.

Fire sworn personnel are covered by the Firefighter's Pension Plan which is a defined benefit single-employer pension plan. Although this is a single-employer pension plan, the defined benefits as well as the employee and employer contributions levels are mandated by Illinois Compiled Statutes (Chapter 40 – Act 5, Article 4) and may be amended only by the Illinois legislature. The City accounts for the plan as a pension trust fund. The City's payroll for employees covered by the Firefighters' Pension Plan for the year ended December 31, 2008 was \$1,937,631.

At December 31, 2008, the Firefighters' Pension Plan membership consisted of:

Retirees and Beneficiaries Currently Receiving	
Benefits and Terminated Employees Entitled	
to Benefits but not yet Receiving Them	23
Current Employees	<u>33</u>
Total	56

The following is a summary of the Firefighters' Pension Plan as provided for in the Illinois Compiled Statutes:

The Firefighters' Pension Plan provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. Employees attaining the age of 50 or more with 20 or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive a monthly retirement benefit of one-half of the monthly salary attached to the rank held in the fire service at the date of retirement. The monthly pension shall be increased one-twelfth of 2.5% of such monthly salary for each additional month over 20 years of service through 30 years of service, to a maximum of 75% of such monthly salary. Employees with at least 10 years but less than 20 years of credited service may retire at or after age 60 and receive a reduced retirement benefit. The monthly pension of a firefighter who retired with 20 or more years of service after January 1, 1977 shall be increased annually, following the first anniversary date of retirement and be paid upon reaching at least the age of 55, by 3% of the original pension and an additional 3% annually, in January thereafter.

Covered employees are required to contribute 9.455% of their salary to the Firefighters' Pension Plan. If an employee leaves covered employment with less than 20 years of service, accumulated employee contributions may be refunded. The City is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to finance the plan as actuarially determined by an enrolled actuary. By the year 2033, the City's contributions must accumulate to the point where the past service cost for the Firefighters' Pension Plan is fully funded.

b) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting

The financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Employee and employer contributions are recognized as revenues in the period in which employee services are performed.

Method Used to Value Investments

Fixed-income and equity securities are reported at fair value in accordance with GASB 25. Investment income is recognized as earned. Gains or losses on sales and exchanges of fixed-income securities are recognized on the transaction date.

c) Annual Pension Cost and Net Pension Obligation

The City's annual pension cost and net pension obligation for the current year were as follows:

	Police Pension		Firefighters Pension		
Annual required contribution	\$	593,160	\$	363,586	
Interest on net pension obligation		-		-	
Adjustment to annual required					
contribution	_		_	-	
Annual pension cost		593,160		363,586	
Contributions made	_	596,515	_	365,578	
Increase (decrease) in net pension					
obligation		(3,355)		(1,992)	
Net pension obligation beginning of year	_	(299,474)	_	(121,444)	
Net pension obligation end of year	\$	(302,829)	<u>\$</u>	(123,436)	

The annual required contribution for the current year was determined as part of the December 31, 2006, actuarial valuation using the entry age normal cost method. The actuarial assumptions included (a) 7.0% investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses) and (b) projected salary increases of 5.5% per year. Both (a) and (b) included an inflation component of 3.0%. The actuarial value of assets was determined using amortized costs. The unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at December 31, 2006, was 26.4986 years.

	Three-Year Trend Information						
	Fiscal Year Ending	Annual Pension Cost (APC)		Pension of APC		Net Pension Obligation	
Police Pension	12/31/2006 12/31/2005 12/31/2004	\$	593,160 494,634 459,044	100.06% 100.49% 100.76%	\$	(302,829) (299,474) (297,044)	
Fire Pension	12/31/2006 12/31/2005 12/31/2004	\$	363,586 393,851 369,673	100.05% 100.46% 100.75%	\$	(123,436) (121,444) (119,645)	

d) Concentration

The City has a concentration of 5% or more investments in the following organizations:

Police Pension:	
FHLB 07/16/10	\$ 773,906
US Treasury Note 11/15/12	821,669
FHLB 11/17/17	1,608,033
FHLMC 11/17/17	928,624
FNMA Pool 03/01/37	865,082
Bank of Edwardsville	1,142,167
Firefighter's Pension:	
Bank of Edwardsville	\$ 2,619,248
First Collinsville Bank	1,810,298
DFA Enhanced US Large Co. Portfolio	947,552
DFA Large Cap Value Portfolio	926,039

e) Legally Required Reserves

The City has the following legally re	equired reserves:
Police Pension	\$ 13,863,927
Firefighter's Pension	13,721,833

NOTE 15: INTERFUND TRANSFERS

The City made the following interfund transfers during the year ended December 31, 2008:

General Fund Transfer From:	
MFT Fund	\$ 90,000
Water/Sewer Fund	300,000
TIF Debt Service Fund Transfer From:	
Tax Increment Financing Fund	81,387
Fournie Lane Project Fund Transfer From:	
Water/Sewer Fund	35,142
Tax Increment Financing Fund	28,980

The General Fund receives transfers for reimbursement of expenses paid by that fund for expenses related to other funds. The transfer between the Tax Increment Financing funds provided funds for debt service purposes.

NOTE 16: INTERFUND RECEIVABLES/PAYABLES

The City has the following interfund receivables/payables as of December 31, 2008:

General Fund	\$ 331,491	\$
Collinsville Crossings Fund		247,243
Fournie Lane Business District		73,960
Tax Increment Financing Fund		526
Water/Sewer Fund		9,762

The balances are short-term interfund receivables which will be transferred in fiscal year 2009.

NOTE 17: POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE PLAN

Plan Description. The City maintains a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan available for retirees. The City provides pre and post Medicare post-retirement healthcare benefits to all retirees who worked for the City, were enrolled in one of the City's healthcare plans at the time of employment and receive a pension from the City through IMRF, the Police Pension Fund or the Firefighter's Pension Fund. The various eligibility requirements vary with the type of retirement plan the employee was associated with. The City does not issue a separate report related to post-retirement healthcare benefits.

Funding Policy. The contribution requirements are as determine by the contracts with City employees and are funded as a pay-as-you-go basis.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation. The City's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following shows the components of the annual OPEB for the year, the actual amount contributed to the plan, and the change in the OPEB obligation.

Annual required contribution	\$ 477,749
Interest on OPEB obligation	
Adjustment to ARC	
Annual OPEB cost	477,749
Contributions made	(186,935)
Increase in OPEB	290,814
Net OPEB - Beg of Year	
Net OPEB - End of Year	\$ 290,814

The City's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2008 is as follows:

Fiscal	Annual	Annual OPEB	Net OPEB
Year Ended	OPEB Cost	Cost Contributed	Obligation
12/31/08	\$ 477,749	39.13%	\$290,814

Funding Status and Funding Progress. As of December 31, 2008, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was 39.13 percent funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits and the unfunded actuarial accrued liability is \$5,950,116. The plan has no assets as payments are made on a pay-as—you-go basis. The covered payroll was \$8,178,062 and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 72.76 percent.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions. Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employer and plan members to the point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the December 31, 2008 actuarial valuation, the entry age actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included an annual healthcare cost trend rate of 9.09 percent initially, reduced by decrements to an ultimate rate of 4.50 percent after ten years. These rates include a 3.0 percent inflation assumption. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at December 31, 2008, was thirty years. The wage inflation rate was 4.00 percent and the discount rate is also 4.00 percent.

NOTE 18: SUBSEQUENT EVENT

Subsequent to year end, the City issued Taxable General Obligation Bonds, Series 2009 for \$2,700,000. The bonds are due in annual maturities through December 15, 2028, with interest at 3.25 to 5.95 percent. The bonds will be used to pay or reimburse certain redevelopment project costs incurred in and for the Eastport Plaza Drive Business District.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE (CASH BASIS) - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	
	Original	Final	(Budget Basis)	
Receipts:		,		
Property Tax	\$ 1,927,215	\$ 1,927,215	\$ 1,878,301	
Intergovermental:				
Sales and Use Tax	7,465,000	7,465,000	5,924,930	
Replacement Tax	56,100	56,100	101,548	
State Income Tax	2,230,000	2,230,000	2,408,209	
Telecommunications Tax	1,100,000	1,100,000	1,053,701	
Grants	158,460	158,460	182,400	
Other	149,000	156,000	419,925	
Other Local Taxes	1,239,000	1,239,000	1,319,704	
Licenses, Fees and Permits	1,364,600	1,364,600	565,412	
Charges for Services	1,765,700	1,765,700	2,062,343	
Fines	186,000	186,000	143,656	
Investment Earnings	150,000	150,000	42,543	
Gifts and Donations	6,500	6,500	27,276	
Miscellaneous Revenues and Reimbursements	272,600	276,600	339,500	
Total Receipts	18,070,175	18,081,175	16,469,448	
Disbursements:				
Administration:				
City Council	2,639,690	2,639,690	2,566,688	
Boards	41,960	41,960	41,285	
City Manager	323,600	323,400	300,052	
Operations	284,090	284,090	246,182	
Human Resources	233,670	233,870	233,870	
Information Technology	157,180	157,180	130,311	
Total Administration	3,680,190	3,680,190	3,518,388	
Police:				
Police Administration	744,100	744,100	734,902	
Police Operations	4,002,940	4,147,940	4,141,707	
Police Support	1,205,280	1,085,280	1,079,711	
Animal Control	162,580	137,580	131,188	
Total Police	6,114,900	6,114,900	6,087,508	
Fire:				
Fire Administration	338,560	338,560	257,721	
Fire Operations	2,844,145	2,844,145	2,792,891	
Ambulance	271,000	271,000	262,041	
Emergency Management	48,330	55,330	47,894	
Total Fire	3,502,035	3,509,035	3,360,547	
Dishursoments (continued):				

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE (CASH BASIS) - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual
	Original	Final	(Budget Basis)
Public Works:			
Streets	2,014,470	2,014,470	1,893,163
Garbage	1,350,700	1,368,700	1,368,516
Inspections	307,260	289,260	159,034
Total Public Works	3,672,430	3,672,430	3,420,713
Finance	643,590	643,590	546,968
Community Development	473,580	477,580	467,725
Community Services - Shuttle Bus	136,250	136,250	125,471
Total Disbursements	18,222,975	18,233,975	17,527,320
Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts Over Disbursements	(152,800)	(152,800)	(1,057,872)
Other Financing Sources:			
Operating Transfers In	390,000	390,000	390,000
Total Other Financing Sources	390,000	390,000	390,000
Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts and Other			
Financing Sources Over Disbursements	\$ 237,200	\$ 237,200	(667,872)
Change in intergovernmental revenue	on modified accre	ual basis	357,144
Change in other local taxes and fees			1,531
Change in accrued salaries on modifie	ed accrual basis	•	228,348
Change in accounts payable on modifi	ied accrual basis		105,701
Change in franchise fees receivable or	n modified accrua	l basis	677
Change in property tax receivable on	modified accrual b	pasis	27,746
Interfund transfers			1,495
Change in unbilled garbage services of	n modified acrual	basis	17,852
Adjustment for allowance of uncollec-	tible amounts	v	(178,618)
Inclusion of drug forfeiture monies			13,959
As reported on the Statement of Rever	nues, Expenditure	S	
and Changes in Fund Balance			\$ (92,037)

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE (CASH BASIS) COLLINSVILLE CROSSINGS FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

•	Budgeted	Actual	
	Original	Final	(Budget Basis)
Receipts:			
Sales Tax	\$ 2,019,224	\$ 2,019,224	\$ 1,299,779
Investment Earnings	-	-	27,195
Total Receipts	2,019,224	2,019,224	1,326,974
•			
Disbursements:			
Debt Sevice	2,019,224	2,019,224	1,631,166
Excess of Receipts Over Disbursements			(304,192)
Other Fire and Services			
Other Financing Sources:			
Proceeds from Debt	-		
Excess of Receipts and Other			
Financing Sources Over Disbursements	s -	\$ -	(304,192)
1 mananing courses over Discussionisms			(501,152)
Change in sales tax receivable on mod	ified accrual basis		28,112
			,
As reported on the Statement of Rever	ues, Expenditures		
and Changes in Fund Balance			\$ (276,080)

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE (CASH BASIS) TAX INCREMENT FINANCING FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual
	Original	Final	(Budget Basis)
Receipts:			
Intergovernmental Revenues	\$ 1,300,000	\$ 1,300,000	\$ 1,272,844
Property Tax	2,296,000	2,316,000	2,357,710
Investment Earnings	-	-	74,512
Miscellaneous Revenues & Reimbursements	143,000	158,000	239,339
Total Receipts	3,739,000	3,774,000	3,944,405
Disbursements:			
Community Development	4,363,283	4,403,283	4,132,325
Downtown	153,520	168,520	163,290
Total Disbursements	4,516,803	4,571,803	4,295,615
Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts Over			
Disbursements	(777,803)	(797,803)	(351,210)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
Operating Transfers Out	(110,367)	(110,367)	(110,367)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(110,367)	(110,367)	(110,367)
Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts and Other			*
Financing Sources Over Disbursements and			
Other Financing (Uses)	\$ (888,170)	\$ (908,170)	(461,577)
Change in sales tax receivable on mod	lified accrual basis		4,117
Change in property tax receivable on		sis	40,302
Change in accrued salaries on modifie			3,012
Change in accounts payable on modif			(57,644)
As reported on the Statement of Reve	nues, Expenditures		
and Changes in Fund Balance	•		\$ (471,790)

SCHEDULE OF POLICE AND FIREFIGHTERS' PENSION FUNDING PROGRESS AND EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS DECEMBER 31, 2008

	Calendar Year					
-	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002
Police Pension:				,	s	
	\$ 15,706,991	\$ 15,126,733	\$ 14,576,874	\$ 14,093,038	\$ 13,308,434	\$ 12,256,407
Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	21,858,511	19,941,012	18,502,336	17,700,042	16,787,473	15,590,466
Unfunded AAL (UAAL)	6,151,520	4,814,279	3,925,462	3,607,004	3,479,039	3,334,059
Funded Ratio	71.86%	75.86%	78.78%	79.62%	79.28%	78.61%
Covered Payroll	2,541,262	2,256,688	1,972,350	1,854,508	1,801,893	1,789,992
UAAL as a % of Covered Payroll	242.07%	213.33%	199.02%	194,50%	193.08%	186.26%
Employer Contributions:	242.0770	213.3370	177.0270	174.5070	175,0070	100.2070
Required	707,205	593,160	494,634	459,044	439,475	424,844
Made	707,205	596,515	497,064	462,539	451,670	381,941
Percentage of Employer Contributions		370,313	477,004	402,339	451,070	301,541
Made to Required Contributions	0.00%	100.57%	100.49%	100.76%	102.77%	89.90%
T' C 1						
Firefighters' Pension:						
Actuarial Value of Assets	16,734,717	16,349,698	14,667,104	13,823,041	12,636,840	10,996,423
Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	18,112,773	16,208,457	15,498,437	14,623,654	13,759,720	12,970,328
Unfunded AAL (UAAL)	1,378,056	(141,241)	831,333	800,613	1,122,880	1,973,905
Funded Ratio	92.39%	100.87%	94.64%	94.53%	91.84%	84.78%
Covered Payroll	1,785,006	1,660,095	1,587,511	1,490,479	1,459,243	1,392,492
UAAL as a % of Covered Payroll	77.20%	-8.51%	52.37%	53.72%	76.95%	141.75%
Employer Contributions:						
Required	459,076	363,586	393,851	369,973	373,179	391,556
Made	-	365,578	395,650	372,443	383,670	359,929
Percentage of Employer Contributions						,
Made to Required Contributions	0.00%	100.55%	100.46%	100.67%	102.81%	91.92%

2006 is the latest year for which a tax was levied and collected. The 2007 actuarial estimate is levied in 2008 and collected in 2009.

The actuarial valuations presented are prepared by the Illinois Department of Insurance using the following parameters:

Actuarial Cost Method:

Entry Age Normal Cost

Amortization Method:

Level Percentage of Payroll

Remaining Amortization Period:

25.4986 Years

Asset Valuation Method:

Cost or Amortized Cost

Actuarial Assumptions:

Interest Rate 7.0 %
Salary Progression 5.5 %
Cost of Living
Adjustments 3.0 %

SCHEDULE OF ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUNDING PROGRESS AND EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS **DECEMBER 31, 2008**

_	Calendar Year									
	2008	2007	2006		2005		2004		2003	
Regular:										
Actuarial Value of Assets	\$ 9,946,893	\$ 11,378,769	\$ 10,423,916	\$	9,824,662	\$	9,509,384	\$	8,931,560	
Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	12,119,365	11,025,997	10,144,425		9,406,657		8,876,874		7,993,663	
Unfunded AAL (UAAL)	2,172,472	(352,772)	(279,491)		(418,005)		(632,510)		(937,897)	
Funded Ratio	82.07%	103.20%	102.76%		104.44%		107.13%		111.73%	
Covered Payroll	4,673,993	3,953,902	3,578,496		3,449,434		3,312,058		3,217,585	
UAAL as a % of Covered Payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%	
Employer Contributions:										
Required	368,778	313,149	188,587		174,552		136,788		32,176	
Made	368,778	313,149	188,587		174,552		136,788		32,176	
Percentage of Employer Contributions	1									
Made to Required Contributions	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%		100.00%		100.00%		100.00%	

On a market value basis, the actuarial value of assets as of December 31, 2008 is \$7,147,678. On a market basis, the funded ratio would be 58.98%.

The actuarial assumptions used to determine the actuarial accrued liability for 2008 are based on the 2005-2007 Experience Study.

The actuarial valuations presented are prepared by the Illinois Muncipal Retirement Fund using the following parameters:

Actuarial Cost Method:

Entry Age Actuarial Cost

Amortization Method:

Level Percentage of Projected Payroll

Remaining Amortization Period:

24 Years

Asset Valuation Method:

Techniques that smooth the effects of short-term volatility in the market value.

Actuarial Assumptions:

Interest Rate Salary Progression Cost of Living

7.5 % 4.4 - 15.6 %

Adjustments 3.0 %

SCHEDULE OF POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE FUNDING PROGRESS AND EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS DECEMBER 31, 2008

	 2008
Actuarial Value of Assets	\$
Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	5,950,116
Unfunded AAL (UAAL)	5,950,116
Funded Ratio	0.00%
Covered Payroll	8,178,062
UAAL as a % of Covered Payroll	72.76%
Employer Contributions:	
Required	477,749
Made	186,935
Percentage of Employer Contributions	
Made to Required Contributions	39.13%

The actuarial valuations presented are prepared for the post-retirement healthcare benefits using the following parameters:

Actuarial Cost Method:

Entry Age Normal Cost

Amortization Method:

Level Percentage of Projected Payroll

Remaining Amortization Period:

30 Years

Actuarial Assumptions:

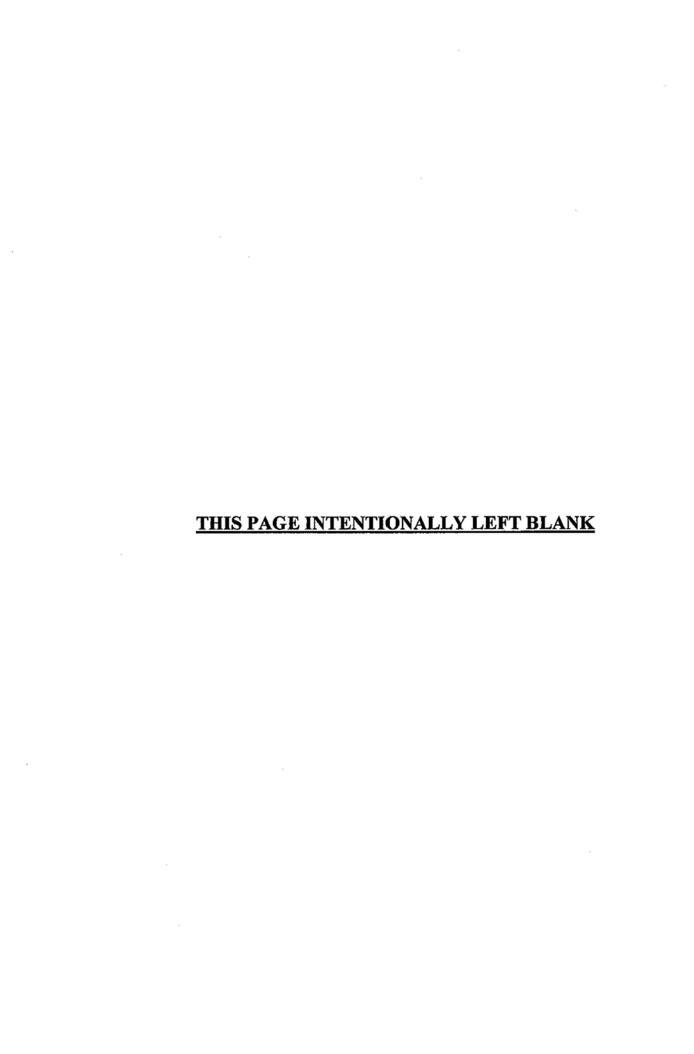
Discount Rate Wage Inflation 4.0% 4.0%

Healthcare Trend

9.09% in 2008 decreasing to 4.50 % in ten years

Price Inflation

3.0 %



COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2008

			Special Revenue Funds					Capital Project Funds			D				
	<u>Assets</u>	Tree Memorial Fund	Motor Fuel Tax Fund	DUI Court Fine Fund	Police Vehicle Fund	Collins House	Collinsville Animal Shelter	Total	Capital Projects Fund	Fournie Lane Project Fund	Total	TIF Debt Service Fund	Fournie Lane Business District	Total	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
(sh and Cash Equivalents: Cash nvestments Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 626 4,628 5,254	\$ 17,013 1,208,763 1,225,776	\$ 6,300 6,300	\$ 9,336 	\$ 6,066	\$ 23,535	\$ 62,876 1,213,391 1,276,267	\$ 5,541 371,123 376,664	<u> </u>	\$ 5,541 371,123 376,664	<u>s</u> -	\$ - -	<u> </u>	\$ 68,417 1,584,514 1,652,931
	ceivables: Accounts Receivable Intergovernmental	:	142,616		:	<u>:</u>	:	142,616	43,419 200,000	<u>:</u>	43,419 200,000	:	1,549	1,549	43,419 344,165
59	Total Assets Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$ 5,254	\$ 1,368,392	\$ 6,300	\$ 9,336	\$ 6,066	\$ 23,535	\$ 1,418,883	\$ 620,083	<u> </u>	\$ 620,083	<u>s -</u>	\$ 1,549	\$ 1,549	\$ 2,040,515
1	bilities: Accounts Payable Interfund Payable Total Liabilities	\$ - 	\$ 58,146	s -	\$ - 	s -	s - -	\$ 58,146 - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ 71,475 - - - - - - -	s -	\$ 71,475 - 71,475	\$ 214 214	\$ - 73,960 73,960	\$ 214 73,960 74,174	\$ 129,835 73,960 203,795
	d Balance: Reserved: Future Projects Debt Service	-	-	-	-	-			548,608	-	548,608	(214)	(72.411)	(72.625)	548,608
τ	Debt Service Unreserved: Undesignated Total Fund Balance	5,254 5,254	1,310,246 1,310,246	6,300	9,336 9,336	6,066	23,535	1,360,737 1,360,737	548,608	-	548,608	(214)	(72,411)	(72,625)	(72,625) 1,360,737 1,836,720
	Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$ 5,254	\$ 1,368,392	\$ 6,300	\$ 9,336	\$ 6,066	\$ 23,535	\$ 1,418,883	\$ 620,083	s -	\$ 620,083	<u>s -</u>	\$ 1,549	\$ 1,549	\$ 2,040,515

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

	Special Revenue Funds					Ca	pital Project Fu	ınds	D					
	Tree Memorial Fund	Motor Fuel Tax Fund	DUI Court Fine Fund	Police Vehicle Fund	Collins House	Collinsville Animal Shelter	Total	Capital Projects Fund	Fournie Lane Project Fund	Total	TIF Debt Service Fund	Fournie Lane Business District	Total	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Revenues:					•	•	•						_	
Utility Tax	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 393,417	\$ -	\$ 393,417	\$ -	5 -	S -	\$ 393,417
Sales Tax	,	CTT 200	-	-	•	-	(77 200	1,100,000	-	1,100,000	-	13,788	13,788	1,113,788
Motor Fuel Tax	-	677,328		0.010	-	-	677,328	-	-	-	-	-	-	677,328
Fines and Forfeitures		-	6,248	9,218		-	15,466	-		50 000	-	-	-	15,466
State Grant	-	-	-	-	18,750	-	18,750	50,000	-	50,000	-	-	-	68,750
Federal Grant	-		-	-	37,366	-	37,366				-	-		37,366
Investment Earnings	117	32,571	52	77	67	562	33,446	7,538	3,688	11,226	-	335	335	45,007
Reimbursements		13,140	-	-			13,140	55,250	-	55,250	-	-	-	68,390
Gifts and Donations	348	-			170	25,378	25,896							25,896
Total Revenues	465	723,039	6,300	9,295	56,353	25,940	821,392	1,606,205	3,688	1,609,893		14,123	14,123	2,445,408
Expenditures:														
General Government	-		-	-	44,979	-	44,979	242,244		242,244	-		-	287,223
Public Safety		-	-	-	-	-		9,130	-	9,130	-	_	-	9,130
Public Works	-	286,571	-	-	-	-	286,571	4,948	18,265	23,213	-	_	-	309,784
Community/Economic Development	591			-	-	_	591		-		-	-	-	591
Capital Outlay		650,021	-	-	-	18,028	668,049	1,230,510	330,402	1,560,912		-	-	2,228,961
Debt Service			-	-	-	,		-,,	-		81,387	106,435	187,822	187,822
Total Expenditures	591	936,592			44,979	18,028	1,000,190	1,486,832	348,667	1,835,499	81,387	106,435	187,822	3,023,511
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(126)	(213,553)	6,300	9,295	11,374	7,912	(178,798)	119,373	(344,979)	(225,606)	(81,387)	(92,312)	(173,699)	(578,103)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):														
Proceeds from Debt	_		-	-		_	-	53,450	_	53,450	_		-	53,450
Operating Transfers In (Out)	_	(90,000)	-	-		_	(90,000)	-	64,122	64,122	81,387	-	81,387	55,509
Total Other Financing		(50,000)					. (55,555)							
Sources (Uses)		(90,000)					(90,000)	53,450	64,122	117,572	81,387	<u> </u>	81,387	108,959
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over Expenditures and Other Financing (Uses)	(126)	(303,553)	6,300	9,295	11,374	7,912	(268,798)	172,823	(280,857)	(108,034)		(92,312)	(92,312)	(469,144)
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	5,380	1,613,799		41	(5,308)	15,623	1,629,535	375,785	280,857	656,642	(214)	19,901	19,687	2,305,864
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 5,254	\$ 1,310,246	\$ 6,300	\$ 9,336	\$ 6,066	\$ 23,535	\$ 1,360,737	\$ 548,608	2	\$ 548,608	\$ (214)	\$(72,411)	\$ (72,625)	\$ 1,836,720

COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2008

	Pension T			
	Police	Firefighters'		
	Pension	Pension	Total	
Assets:				
Cash and Cash Equivalents:				
Cash	\$ 668,097	\$ 698,245	\$ 1,366,342	
Investments		127,275	127,275	
Investments	12,558,270	12,500,788	25,059,058	
Receivables:				
Property Tax	598,958	356,475	955,433	
Accrued Interest	48,602	44,050	92,652	
Total Assets	13,873,927	13,726,833	27,600,760	
Liabilities:				
Accounts Payable	10,000	5,000	15,000	
Total Liabilities	10,000	5,000	15,000	
Net Assets:				
Held in Trust For Pension				
Benefits and Other Purposes	\$ 13,863,927	\$ 13,721,833	\$ 27,585,760	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

	Pension Tr		
*	Police Firefighters'		
	Pension	Pension	Total
Additions:			
Property Tax	\$ 594,532	\$ 354,300	\$ 948,832
Replacement Tax	107,030	100,560	207,590
Employee Contributions	294,242	183,203	477,445
Investment Earnings:			
Investment Earnings	(2,072,590)	(2,867,344)	(4,939,934)
Less: Investment Expense	(89,616)	(19,737)	(109,353)
Net Investment Earnings	(2,162,206)	(2,887,081)	(5,049,287)
Total Additions	(1,166,402)	(2,249,018)	(3,415,420)
Deductions:			
Benefit Payments	925,221	804,316	1,729,537
Contractual Services	22,284	6,245	28,529
Total Deductions	947,505	810,561	1,758,066
Change in Net Assets	(2,113,907)	(3,059,579)	(5,173,486)
Net Assets, Beginning of Year	15,977,834	16,781,412	32,759,246
Net Assets, End of Year	\$ 13,863,927	\$ 13,721,833	\$ 27,585,760

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CITY OF COLLINSVILLE, ILLINOIS

ASSESSED VALUATIONS, TAX RATES, EXTENSIONS AND COLLECTIONS (CONTINUED) DECEMBER 31, 2008

Levy Date - Calendar Year	2003		2004		2005		2006		2007	
•	Madison	St. Clair								
	County	County								
Revenue Collection Date - Fiscal Year Ended	12/31/2004	12/31/2004	12/31/2005	12/31/2005	12/31/2006	12/31/2006	12/31/2007	12/31/2007	12/31/2008	12/31/2008
4	6 267 010 400	£ 20.462.027	\$ 278,810,468	£ 20.012.690	\$ 297,847,563	\$ 32,369,890	\$ 325,590,789	\$ 34,738,302	\$ 349,026,741	\$ 37,499,115
Assessed Valuation	\$ 267,010,400	\$ 29,453,927	\$ 270,010,400	\$ 30,013,689	\$ 291,041,303	3 32,309,690	\$ 323,370,763	\$ 34,730,302	3 349,020,741	\$ 37,499,113
Tax Rates (Per \$100 Equalized Assessed Valuation):										
General Government	\$ 0.0782	\$ 0.0800	\$ 0.0800	\$ 0.0800	\$ 0.0792	\$ 0.0786	\$ 0.0775	\$ 0.0770	\$ 0.0819	\$ 0.0800
Fire Protection	0.0547	0.0563	0.0563	0.0563	0.0557	0.0553	0.0546	0.0542	0.0605	0.0563
Police Protection	0.0547	0.0563	0.0563	0.0563	0.0557	0.0553	0.0546	0.0542	0.0605	0.0563
Garbage	0.0675	0.0721	0.0486	0.0506	0.0550	0.0546	0.0517	0.0514	0.0300	0.0298
Public Library	0.1528	0.1567	0,0480	0.0500	0.0550	0.0340	0.0517	0.0514	0.0300	0,0276
Retirement	0.0072	0.0076	0.0162	0.0176	0.0305	0.0316	0.0257	0.0267	0.0391	0.0389
			0.1146	0.1240	0.1093	0.1129	0.1079	0.1115	0.1251	0.1242
Police Pension	0.0983	0.1050	0.1146	0.1240	0.1093	0.0900	0.0819	0.0847	0.1231	0.1242
Firefighters' Pension	0.0976	0.1042	0.0973	0.1506	0.1326	0.1370	0.1331	0.1375	0.0671	0.1147
Tort Liability	0.1410	0.1506								
Social Security	0.0640	0.0683	0.0616	0.0666	0.0596	0.0616	0.0587	0.0607	0.0522	0.0518
Audit	0.0078	0.0083	0.0075	0.0078	0.0070	0.0070	0.0065	0.0064	0.0053	0.0052
Unemployment	0.0036	0.0038	0.0049	0.0053	0.0075	0.0078	0.0073	0.0076	0.0063	0.0062
Total Tax Rates	\$ 0.8274	\$ 0.8692	\$ 0.6826	\$ 0.7203	\$ 0.6792	\$ 0.6917	\$ 0.6595	\$ 0.6719	\$ 0,6436	\$ 0.6300
- :										
Tax Extensions:		00.000		6 24011	0 225 005	\$ 25,443	\$ 252.333	6 2/740	6 305.054	\$ 30,000
General Government	\$ 208,802	\$ 23,563	\$ 223,048	\$ 24,011	\$ 235,895		,	\$ 26,749	\$ 285,854	,
Fire Protection	146,055	16,583	156,970	16,898	165,901	17,900	177,773	18,828	211,161	21,112
Police Protection	146,055	16,583	156,970	16,898	165,901	17,900	177,773	18,828	211,161	21,112
Garbage	180,232	21,236	135,502	15,187	163,816	17,674	168,330	17,856	104,708	11,175
Public Library	407,992	46,154								
Retirement	19,225	2,238	45,167	5,282	90,844	10,229	83,677	9,275	136,469	15,187
Police Pension	262,471	30,927	319,517	37,217	325,547	36,546	351,312	38,733	436,632	48,449
Firefighters' Pension	260,602	30,691	271,283	31,574	259,425	29,133	266,659	29,423	234,197	25,987
Tort Liability	376,485	44,358	388,383	45,201	394,946	44,347	433,361	47,765	403,475	44,736
Social Security	170,887	20,117	171,747	19,989	177,517	19,940	191,122	21,086	182,192	20,212
Audit	20,827	2,445	20,911	2,341	20,849	2,266	21,163	2,223	18,498	1,950
Unemployment	9,611	1,119	13,662	1,591	22,339	2,525	23,768	2,640	21,989	2,437
Total Tax Extensions	\$ 2,200,244	\$ 256,014	\$ 1,903,160	\$ 216,189	\$ 2,022,980	\$ 223,903	\$ 2,147,271	\$ 233,406	\$ 2,246,336	\$ 242,357
I Otal Tax Extensions	\$ 2,209,244	3 230,014	J 1,505,100	3 210,189	3 2,022,780	g 223,903	Ψ 2,141,2/1	3 233,400	\$ 2,240,330	3 242,337
Total Total Collection Total								v.		
Total Tax Collections Through Fiscal Year End	\$ 2,202,899	\$ 244,348	\$ 1,896,172	\$ 213,321	\$ 2,016,011	\$ 223,297	\$ 2,133,396	\$ 232,603	\$ 2,197,763	\$ 241,657
D 6T . 1T . C		22.115	20.400	00.494	20.4624	00.6004	20.255	AA //:-	AA	00.510
Percent of Total Taxes Collected	99.71%	95.44%	99.63%	98.67%	99.66%	99.73%	99.35%	99.66%	97.84%	99.71%

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CITY OF COLLINSVILLE, ILLINOIS

ASSESSED VALUATIONS, TAX RATES, EXTENSIONS AND COLLECTIONS DECEMBER 31, 2008

Levy Date - Calendar Year		98 .	199	_	20		200		20	
	Madison	St. Clair	Madison	St. Clair	Madison	St. Clair	Madison	St. Clair	Madison	St. Clair
Revenue Collection Date -	County	County	County	County	County	County	County	County	County	County
Fiscal Year Ended	12/31/1999	12/31/1999	12/31/2000	12/31/2000	12/31/2001	12/31/2001	12/31/2002	12/31/2002	12/31/2003	12/31/2003
Assessed Valuation	\$ 195,018,592	\$ 23,082,365	\$ 203,251,195	\$ 23,405,504	\$ 213,195,916	\$ 24,398,588	\$ 230,197,803	\$ 26,009,004	\$ 248,191,846	\$ 27,556,145
Tax Rates (Per \$100 Equalized Assessed Valuation):										
General Government	\$ 0.0759	\$ 0.0793	\$ 0.0800	\$ 0.0800	\$ 0.0796	\$ 0.0800	\$ 0.0770	\$ 0.0766	\$ 0.0762	\$ 0.0762
Fire Protection	0.0409	0.0427	0.0563	0.0563	0.0558	0.0563	0.0543	0.0539	0.0534	0.0534
Police Protection	0.0422	0.0441	0.0563	0.0563	0.0558	0.0563	0.0543	0.0539	0.0534	0.0534
Garbage	0.1237	0.1292	0.1249	0.1296	0.1284	0.1340	0.1116	0.1109	0.0726	0.0726
Public Library	0.1500	0.1500	0.1500	0.1500	0.1492	0.1500	0.1557	0.1547	0.1557	0.1601
Retirement	0.0552	0.0577	0.0352	0.0366	0.0169	0.0177	0.0077	0.0077	0.0061	0.0061
Police Pension	0.0824	0.0861	0.0828	0.0859	0.0699	0.0729	0.0928	0.0923	0.1031	0.1031
Firefighters' Pension	0.0783	0.0818	0.0766	0.0795	0.0852	0.0889	0.0949	0.0943	0.1024	0.1024
Tort Liability	0.1517	0.1585	0.1212	0.1257	0.1344	0.1403	0.1373	0.1365	0.1443	0.1443
Social Security	0.0681	0.0711	0.0770	0.0799	0.0744	0.0776	0.0700	0.0696	0.0664	0.0664
Audit	0.0115	0.0120	0.0115	0.0120	0.0112	0.0117	0.0087	0.0086	0.0084	0.0084
Unemployment	0.0039	0.0040	0.0035	0.0037	0.0039	0,0041	0.0041	0.0040	0.0042	0.0042
Total Tax Rates	\$ 0.8838	\$ 0.9165	\$ 0.8753	\$ 0.8955	\$ 0.8647	\$ 0.8898	\$ 0.8684	\$ 0.8630	\$ 0.8462	\$ 0.8506
To Danie										
Tax Extensions:	\$ 148,019	\$ 18,305	\$ 162,601	\$ 18,725	\$ 169,704	\$ 19,520	\$ 177,252	\$ 19,924	\$ 189,122	\$ 20,998
General Government							124,997			14,715
Fire Protection	79,763	9,856	114,430	13,177	118,963	13,736	124,997	14,019	132,534	14,715
Police Protection	82,298	10,179	114,430	13,177	118,963	13,736	256,901	14,019	132,534	20,006
Garbage	241,238	29,822	253,861	30,334	273,744	32,694 36,598		28,844 40,236	180,187	
Public Library	292,528	34,624	304,877	35,109	318,088		358,418		386,435	44,118 1,681
Retirement	107,650	13,319	71,544	8,566	36,030	4,319	17,725	2,003	15,140	.,
Police Pension	160,695	19,874	168,292	20,105	149,024	17,787	213,624	24,006	255,886	28,410
Firefighters' Pension	152,700	18,881	155,690	18,607	181,643	21,690	218,458	24,526	254,149	28,217
Tort Liability	295,843	36,586	246,341	29,421	286,535	34,231	316,062	35,502	358,141	39,764
Social Security	132,808	16,412	156,504	18,701	158,618	18,933	161,138	18,102	164,799	18,297
Audit	22,427	2,770	23,374	2,809	23,878	2,855	20,027	2,237	20,848	2,315
Unemployment	7,606	923	7,114	866	8,315	1,000	9,438	1,040	10,424	1,157
Total Tax Extensions	\$ 1,723,575	\$ 211,551	\$ 1,779,058	\$ 209,597	\$ 1,843,505	\$ 217,099	\$ 1,999,037	\$ 224,458	\$ 2,100,199	\$ 234,393
Total Tax Collections Through										
Fiscal Year End	\$ 1,710,808	\$ 209,978	\$ 1,767,353	\$ 209,403	\$ 1,838,481	\$ 210,373	\$ 1,971,345	\$ 200,615	\$ 2,097,812	\$ 232,953
Percent of Total Taxes Collected	99.26%	99.26%	99.34%	99.91%	99.73%	96.90%	98.61%	89.38%	99.89%	99.39%





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH TAX INCREMENT FINANCING ACT

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council Collinsville, Illinois

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the City of Collinsville, Illinois for the year ended December 31, 2008, and have issued our report thereon dated April 15, 2009. The financial statements are the responsibility of the City of Collinsville, Illinois' management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial statements based on our audit.

Our audit was made in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

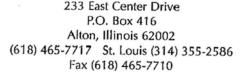
The management of the City of Collinsville, Illinois is responsible for the government's compliance with laws and regulations. In connection with our audit, referred to above, we selected and tested transactions and records to determine the government's compliance with 65 ILCS 5/11-74.4-3, "Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act".

The results of our tests indicate that for the items tested, the City of Collinsville, Illinois, complied with Subsection (q) of 65 ILCS 5/11-74.4-3, "Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act". Nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that, for the items not tested, the City of Collinsville, Illinois was not in compliance with Subsection (q) of 65 ILCS 5/11-74.4-3, "Tax Increment Allocation Redevelopment Act".

C. Q. Schlone 1 Company, LLC.

Certified Public Accountants

April 15, 2009





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REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council Collinsville, Illinois

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Collinsville, Illinois ("City") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2008, and have issued our report thereon dated April 15, 2009. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the organization's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the City's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the City's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the City's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.



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Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

This report is intended solely for the information of the audit committee, management, the City Council and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

C. J. Schlosen & Company, LLC.
Certified Public Accountants

April 15, 2009



J. Terry Dooling David L. Kamler David M. Bartosiak Cindy A. Tefteller Kevin J. Tepen

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council Collinsville, Illinois

Compliance

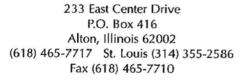
We have audited the compliance of the City of Collinsville, Illinois ("City") with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2008. The City's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the City's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the City's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2008.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance.





A control deficiency in an entity's internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the City's ability to administer a major federal program such that there is more than a remote likelihood that noncompliance that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented or detected by the City's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

This report is intended solely for the information of the audit committee, management, the City Council and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

C. J. Schlosse / Company L.L.C.
Certified Public Accountants

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April 15, 2009

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

Grantor and Program Title	Federal CFDA	Pass-through Project or Grant No.	Award Period	Grant Amount	Expenditures
Department of Health and Human Services: Passed through Illinois Department of Human Services:					
Title XX Donated Fund Initiative	93.667	81X8004000	07/01/07 - 06/30/08	28,559	13,537
	93.667	81XK004000	07/01/08 - 06/30/09	28,559	14,663
					28,200
B					
Department of Justice:			10/01/07 00/00/00	46= 500	
Byrne Formula Grant Program	16.579		10/01/07 - 09/30/08	467,598	317,598
Byrne Formula Grant Program	16.579		10/01/08 - 09/30/09	467,598	150,000
Supplemental Equipment	16.579		04/01/08 - 06/30/08	1,016	1,016
					468,614
Department of Transportation: Passed through Illinois Department of Transportation: Integrated Mini-Grant					
Enforcement Program	20.609	OP8-1205-053	10/01/07 - 09/30/08	32,283	31,596
	20.609	OP9-1205-174	10/01/08 - 09/30/09	35,364	3,085
				,-	34,681
Department of Homeland Security: Citizens Corp Program	97.053		08/25/05 - 08/25/08	20,471	4,190
Total Federal Awards					\$ 535,685

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS DECEMBER 31, 2008

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

General

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards presents the activity of all federal award programs of the City of Collinsville, Illinois. The City's reporting entity is defined in Note 1 to the City's financial statements. Federal awards that have been passed through to other government agencies are included on the schedule.

Basis of Accounting

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented using the modified accrual basis of accounting, which is described in Note 1 to the City's financial statements.

Relationship to Basic Financial Statements

Federal awards received are reflected in the City's financial statements.

Noncash Assistance, Federal Insurance and Loans/Loan Guarantees

The City did not receive any noncash assistance, federal guaranteed loans or federal insurance for any of its programs for the year ended December 31, 2008.

Subrecipient Monitoring

The City had pass through revenue to subrecipients related to its federal funds during the year ended December 31, 2008. These amounts relate to the MEGSI program and were remitted to the local Metropolitan Enforcement Unit. The total amount remitted for the year ended December 31, 2008 was \$468,614.

SCHEDULE OF CURRENT YEAR FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS DECEMBER 31, 2008

Part 1 -- Summary of Auditor's Results

- a) An unqualified opinion was issued in the report on the financial statements.
- b) No significant deficiencies in internal control were disclosed by the audit of the financial statements of the City.
- c) The audit did not disclose any noncompliance which is material to the financial statements of the City.
- d) No significant deficiencies in internal control over major programs were disclosed by the audit of the financial statements of the City.
- e) An unqualified opinion was issued in the report on compliance for major programs.
- f) The audit did not disclose any audit findings that are required to be reported under Section .510(a).
- g) The City's major programs are:

 Byrne Formula Grant Program CFDA #16.579
- h) The dollar threshold to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs is \$300,000.
- i) The City qualifies as a low-risk auditee under Section .530.
- Part 2 -- The City has no findings to the financial statements that are required to be reported in accordance with GAGAS.
- Part 3 -- The City has no findings or questioned costs for Federal awards.

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS DECEMBER 31, 2008

NONE

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